CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR

JULY 1, 2004 TO JUNE 30, 2005



This Report Prepared by Department of Finance Lester O. Seal, CPA Director

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2005

Table of Contents

Part I - Introductory Section

Letter of Trans		1-5 6
Organization C	Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting - 2004	0 7
•	incipal Officials	8
Directory of T		0
	Part II - Financial Section	
Independent Au	uditor's Report	9-10
-	Discussion and Analysis	11-20
Basic Financia	al Statements	
Exhibit 1	Statement of Net Assets	21
Exhibit 2	Statement of Activities	22-23
Exhibit 3	Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	24
Exhibit 4	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	25
Exhibit 5	Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	26
Exhibit 6	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
	in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	27
Exhibit 7	General Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual	28
Exhibit 8	Proprietary Funds - Balance Sheet	29
Exhibit 9	Proprietary Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	30
Exhibit 10	Proprietary Funds - Statement of Cash Flows	31-32
Exhibit 11	Fiduciary Funds - Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	33
Notes to Finance	cial Statements	34-70
	nentary Information vernmental Funds:	71
Exhibit A-1	Combining Balance Sheet	72
Exhibit A-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	73
Exhibit A-3	Emergency Communications Center Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	15
Exhibit IY 5	and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	74
Exhibit A-4	Community Development Block Grant Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	/ 4
	and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	75
Internal Servi	ce Funds:	76

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

77

78

81

82

83

79-80

Exhibit B-1

Exhibit B-2

Exhibit B-3

Exhibit C-1

Exhibit C-2

Agency Funds:

Combining Balance Sheet

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Discretely Preser	ted Component Unit - School Board:	84
Exhibit D-1	Balance Sheet	85
Exhibit D-2	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	86
Exhibit D-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	87
Exhibit D-4	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
	in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	88
Exhibit D-5	School Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual	89
Exhibit D-6	School Cafeteria Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual	90
Other Supplemen	tary Schedules:	91
Detail Schedule	s of Governmental Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:	
Schedule 1	Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual	92-98
Schedule 2	Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual	99-104
	Part III - Statistical Section	
Table 1	General Government Revenues by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years	105
Table 2	General Government Expenditures by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	106
T 11 0		107

	1 5	
Table 3	Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	107
Table 4	Assessed Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years	108
Table 5	Property Tax Rates - Per \$100 of Assessed Value - Last Ten Fiscal Years	109
Table 6	Principal Property Taxpayers	110
Table 7	Computation of Legal Debt Margin	111
Table 8	Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation	
	Bonded Debt per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	112
Table 9	Percent of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General	
	Expenditures - Last Ten Fiscal Years	113
Table 10	Revenue Bond Coverage - Golf Course Fund - Last Five Fiscal Years	114
Table 11	Revenue Bond Coverage - Water Fund - Last Three Fiscal Years	115
Table 12	Demographic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	116
Table 13	Property Value, Construction and Bank Deposits - Last Ten Fiscal Years	117
Table 14	Miscellaneous Statistics	118

Part IV - Compliance Section

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit							
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance witl Government Auditing Standards	119-120						
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over							
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	121-122						
Independent Auditor's Comments on Resolution of Prior Year Audit Findings	123						
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	124						
Summary of Compliance Matters	125						
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	126-128						
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	129						

PART I

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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City of Harrisonburg Virginia

Office of City Manager 345 South Main Street Post Office Box 20031 Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801 (540) 432-7701/Fax (540) 432-7778

Roger D. Baker City Manager

November 18, 2005

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and the Citizens of the City of Harrisonburg:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia (City), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 45 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2511 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* and the *Code of Virginia* require that the City issue annually a report on its financial position and operations, and that this report be audited by either the state auditor or an independent firm of certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS). This report has been prepared by the Department of Finance to conform with the standards of financial reporting as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the Commonwealth of Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts (APA).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations for the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, have audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. This examination was conducted using guidelines set forth by GAAS and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the APA. Based upon this audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements was also designed to meet the federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the related U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations* to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements set forth in the General Accounting Office's *Government Auditing Standards* require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but

The City With the Planned Future

also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. Special emphasis is placed on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

This report is divided into four sections: introductory, financial, statistical tables and compliance. The introductory section is intended to familiarize readers with the organizational structure of the City government, the nature and scope of services that are provided and the specifics of the legal operating environment. The financial section provides management's analysis of the City's current financial position and the outcome of its operations, the opinion of the independent auditor and the financial statements. The statistical table section is designed to provide some historical perspective of the City's financial condition and to reflect the social and economic trends of the area. The compliance section is prepared in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the OMB Circular A-133. This section includes a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditors report on compliance and on internal controls over financial reporting, a schedule of findings and questioned costs and comments on the resolution of prior year findings.

Profile of the City of Harrisonburg

Background. The City was established in 1780 and was named for Thomas Harrison, who donated the land for the Rockingham County Court House, which became the permanent county seat of Rockingham County in 1781. The City was incorporated in 1849 and was proclaimed a city of the first class in April 1990. It now encompasses 17.3 square miles and serves a population of approximately 43,178.

The City lies in the geographic center of the Shenandoah Valley of Virginia. The Blue Ridge Mountains on the East and the Alleghenies on the West provide protection so the area is markedly free from climate extremes and disturbances. The Valley floor itself is at an elevation of 1,000 feet while the City's elevation is 1,329 feet. The City is equidistant from Washington, D.C. (124 miles), Richmond, Virginia (116 miles), and Roanoke, Virginia (111 miles).

The City is operated under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is the governing body, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. It is comprised of five members elected on an at-large basis to serve four-year terms. The City Council appoints a City Manager to serve as the City's chief administrative officer. The City Manager is responsible for implementing the policies of the City Council, directing business and administrative procedures and appointing departmental officials and certain other City employees.

Services provided. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; sanitation services; construction and maintenance of streets and bridges; water and sewer services; public transportation; community development; and parks, recreational activities and cultural events.

The operation of primary and secondary education in the City is the responsibility of the School Board. The City voters elect the six members of the School Board, who appoint the Superintendent of Schools. The local share of funds for operating public schools in the City is provided by an appropriation from the City's General Fund to the School Board. The School Board, however, is a separate legal entity and autonomous policy-making body in matters governing education.

The County of Rockingham (County) provides court house and jail facilities, as well as the services of the Sheriff, Commonwealth Attorney, and Clerk of the Circuit Court for the City. The City reimburses the County for providing these services.

The City also provides social services through the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District), which is jointly governed with the County. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City makes contributions to the District based upon its pro rata share of the population for the City and County as a whole.

Electricity is provided by the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, created by ordinance of the City Council pursuant to the City Charter. The Commission is composed of 5 members appointed for 3-year terms by the City Council and is a separate legal entity.

Budgetary Compliance and Control. The City prepares a budget in accordance with Section 60 of the *City Charter* and Section 15.2-2503 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The *City Charter* requires the City Manager to submit a balanced budget to the City Council at least sixty days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year (July 1). City Council is required to convene a public hearing regarding the City Manager's proposed budget. The proposed budget, which may be modified by the City Council, is required to be adopted by a majority vote of the City Council members prior to the beginning of the ensuing fiscal year. On the basis of the budget, City Council appropriates funds for expenditures and establishes tax rates sufficient to produce the revenues needed to pay such expenditures. The *City Charter* requires the annual budget to be forthcoming in time to meet such expenditures. The *City Charter* also requires the annual budget and the annual appropriation ordinance to make a provision for a reasonable contingency fund.

Budgetary control is maintained at the department level as delineated in the appropriation ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments, from reserve for contingencies to other expenditure line items and re-arrange salaries as may best meet the needs and interest of the City. Supplemental appropriations, transfers between departments and funds, other than the situation aforementioned, require the approval of City Council. Also, supplemental appropriations, which exceed \$500,000 or 1% of the budget, whichever is less, require a public hearing prior to approval by City Council. All appropriations lapse at year-end except for appropriations for capital projects funds. Appropriations for capital projects are valid until the end of the project. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservation of fund balance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities, and are generally reappropriated in the following fiscal year. A budget-to-actual comparison is provided in this report for the general fund. This comparison is presented on page 28.

Major Initiatives

The City's staff, following specific directives of the City Council and the City Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects and activities throughout the year. These projects and activities reflect the City's commitment to ensuring that the citizens of Harrisonburg are able to live and work in an enviable environment. The significant projects and activities are as follows:

- Hired six additional police personnel. One records clerk supervisor and five records clerks.
- Hired four Emergency Communication Center personnel, four basic communicators senior.
- Hired a Community Development Block Grant Coordinator.
- Appropriated \$1,000,000 for Stone Spring Road improvement.
- Appropriated \$1,009,910 for Erickson Avenue extension.
- Appropriated \$233,268 for sidewalk replacements and improvements.
- Appropriated \$150,000 for Smithland Road development.
- Appropriated \$150,000 for Bathhouse renovation.
- Appropriated \$200,000 for Country Club Road.
- Appropriated \$500,000 for Linda Lane Extension.
- Appropriated \$340,000 for the Western Raw Waterline.
- Appropriated \$839,164 for Eastern Source Development.
- Appropriated \$508,779 for the rebuild of the Steam Plant.
- Appropriated \$717,532 for the City's share of Rockingham County's landfill expenses.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy. The City is in the center of commerce and travel for the area, while the surrounding area is known for its poultry industry. The area is an educational center served by four institutions of higher learning with a total enrollment of approximately 22,655. James Madison University, a state-supported school, is located near the geographic center of the City and has approximately 15,809 undergraduate students. Eastern Mennonite University, a private institution with approximately 1,511 students is also located in the City. Bridgewater College, located just south of the City, is also private and has an approximate enrollment of 1,532 students. State-supported Blue Ridge Community College has an enrollment of approximately 3,803 students.

Rockingham Memorial Hospital provides hospital and many related healthcare services. Air, rail and bus transportation is available in the area. U.S. Airways Express operates out of the Shenandoah Valley Regional Airport in Weyers Cave, Virginia and provides passenger and freight service. There are several private airfields located in the area including Bridgewater Air Park located in Bridgewater. The area is served by the Norfolk Southern Corporation railroad. There are locally based private and common carriers serving the nation with general freight and specialties. Parcel post services are available for shopping, mailing and delivery service. Interstate 81 runs North and South through the area and intersects with Interstate 64 East and West at Staunton, Virginia for travel by car.

Long-term financial planning. Each year the City prepares a comprehensive Capital Improvements Program (CIP). The CIP is prepared in an effort to prioritize capital improvement needs over a five-year period and to plan for the appropriate financing of these projects. Planning for capital improvements is an important process for the City in order to ensure that assets are acquired or constructed in time to meet specific needs and to spread costs over several fiscal years in order to avoid a large peak in capital expenditures during a single year.

The City continues to plan and work on its next major transportation project: Erickson Avenue Extension and Stone Spring Road Improvement. The total project is anticipated to cost approximately \$32.6 million of which \$3.3 million has already been expended and approximately \$1.1 million in cash is on hand. It is planned that this project will be completed in at least five phases. It is currently projected that \$5.1 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2007; \$1.7 million will be borrowed in the fiscal year 2008; \$.8 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2009; \$3.2 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2010 and the final \$2.1 million will be borrowed in fiscal year 2011. The remaining \$11.1 million will be provided from VDOT Urban Funds and \$4.2 million from the Commonwealth of Virginia through revenue sharing funds. The estimated final completion date for the project is 2012, but various phases will be completed during the construction period. Because of the rebuild of the Stone Spring Road bridge over Interstate 81, the widening of Interstate 81 by the Commonwealth of Virginia will ultimately impact the final completion date. In fiscal year 2007 the City will start using approximately \$750,000 of its annual state road allocation funding to defray the cost of the aforementioned indebtedness.

The City is in the process of constructing a waterline to the Shenandoah River, which is located approximately 17 miles east of the City. The estimated total cost of the project is \$19 million of which \$3.2 million has already been expended and \$3.6 million in cash is on hand. \$2.6 million was borrowed in fiscal year 2002 to finance this project. It is anticipated that the remaining \$12.2 million will be borrowed at a later date. The projected completion date is undetermined at this time.

Cash Management. The City's investment policy is to invest with the same care, skill, prudence and diligence that a prudent and knowledgeable person would exercise when undertaking an enterprise of like character and aims. It is the policy of the City that all investments and investment practices meet or exceed those enumerated in Chapter 3, Title 26 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The City's primary investment objectives, in order

of priority are safety, liquidity and return on investments. Investments are limited to those maturing in three years or less from the time of purchase. The City uses Trusco Capital Management, Inc., a non-bank affiliate of SunTrust Bank, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool to handle its investments. Additional information can be found in Note 3 of the notes to financial statements.

Risk Management. The City uses a variety of techniques to identify and monitor its risks and exposures for the programs and activities that are provided. An on-going safety program has been initiated to help prevent losses and to better identify problem areas that need attention. Additional information can be found in Note 32 of the notes to financial statements.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. This was the tenth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the staff who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without their efficient and dedicated services. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their continued interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible, timely and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Roger D. Baker City Manager Lester O. Seal, CPA Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

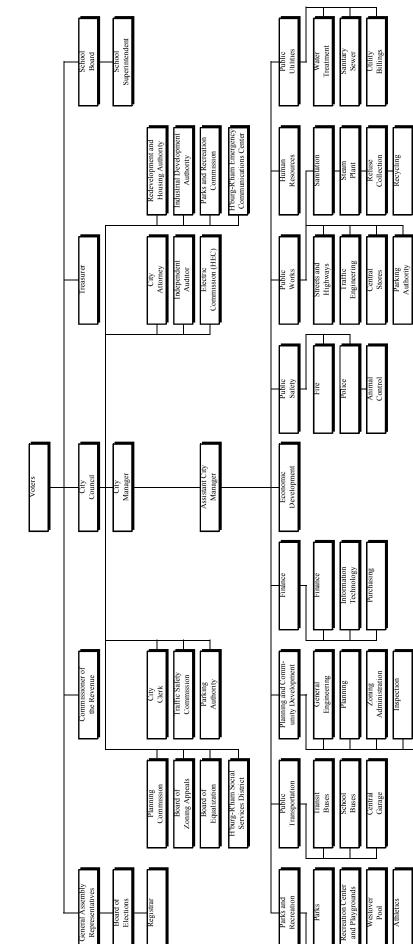
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Canig & Zielke

President

Executive Director



Recycling

General Properties Erosion and Sediment Control

Inspection

Athletics

Golf Course

City of Harrisonburg, Virginia **Organization Chart**

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Directory of Principal Officials June 30, 2005

CITY COUNCIL

Larry M. Rogers, Mayor

Rodney L. Eagle, Vice Mayor Hugh J. Lantz, Council Member Charles R. Chenault, Council Member George W. Pace, Council Member

OFFICIALS

Roger D. Baker Kurt D. Hodgen Rebecca B. Neal June W. Hosaflook Earl Q. Thumma, Jr. Yvonne H. "Bonnie" Ryan Lester O. Seal E. Lee Foerster, Jr. Donald G. Harper Larry W. Shifflett A. Michael Collins James D. Baker Stacy H. Turner Reginald S. Smith Jennifer W. Rhodes Brian B. Shull Emily H. Long Keith E. Markel Daniel J. Rublee Alison B. Banks

City Manager Assistant City Manager City Treasurer Commissioner of the Revenue City Attorney City Clerk Director of Finance Director of Parks and Recreation Police Chief Fire Chief Director of Public Utilities Director of Public Works Director of Planning and Community Development Director of Transportation Director of Human Resources Director of Economic Development City Registrar City Planner **City Engineer** Zoning Administrator

SCHOOL BOARD

Donald J. Ford, Ed.D., Superintendent of Schools Lisa M. Lantz, Clerk James M. Triplett, Jr., Director of Budget and Finance

Thomas C. Mendez, Chairperson Susan H. Fitch, Vice Chairperson Gregory L. Coffman, Board Member Catherine M. Slusher, M.D., Board Member Timothy J. Lacey, Board Member Gary L. Wilson, Board Member PART II

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements reflect total assets of \$66,958,597 as of June 30, 2005, and total revenues of \$44,842,073 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us; and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit Harrisonburg Electric Commission, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2005, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Providing Professional Business Advisory & Consulting Services -

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 11 through 20 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in them.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 4, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Harrisonburg (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 5 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$219,526,350 (net assets). Of this amount, \$45,410,160 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$4,488,236.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$32,646,857, a decrease of \$3,998,373 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 58.9 percent of this total amount, \$19,243,228, is available for spending at the City's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$12,704,795, or 19.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The City's total long-term debt increased by \$4,738,057 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks and recreation, and planning and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation, public parking and golf course services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. To obtain a copy of

the separately issued audited financial statements for HEC, contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 23 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Capital Projects Fund, and the School Bond Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. The other two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund information for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 through 28 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, public transportation, sanitation, public parking and golf course operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions, as well as to some external organizations. The City uses internal service funds to account for the operations of its central garage, central stores and a self-insured health insurance plan. Because these services mainly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains six enterprise funds and three internal service funds. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Public Transportation Fund, Sanitation Fund, Parking Authority Fund and Golf Course Fund, which are considered to be major enterprise funds. Also, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplementary information part of the financial section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 32 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 33 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 70 of this report.

Other supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. This information includes the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, agency funds and School Board individual fund financial statements. This information is presented immediately following the notes to financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 71 through 91 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Primary Government)

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceed liabilities by \$219,526,350 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net assets (78.8 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, which amounts to \$45,410,160, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	_	Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-t	уре	Activities	 Total				
	_	2005		2004		2005		2004	 2005		2004		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	66,165,419 204,600,247	\$	66,310,162 187,066,464	\$	30,125,205 88,922,038	\$	34,220,550 92,207,727	\$ 96,290,624 293,522,285	\$	100,530,712 279,274,191		
Total assets	\$	270,765,666	\$	253,376,626		119,047,243	\$	126,428,277	\$ 389,812,909	\$	379,804,903		
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	27,928,238 96,751,008	\$	26,916,056 84,486,984	\$	2,257,645 43,349,668	\$	2,488,114 50,875,635	\$ 30,185,883 140,100,676	\$	29,404,170 135,362,619		
Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets,	\$	124,679,246	\$	111,403,040	\$	45,607,313	\$	53,363,749	\$ 170,286,559	\$	164,766,789		
net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	120,778,336 1,119,024 24,189,060	\$	118,163,476 766,544 23,043,566		52,218,830 - 21,221,100	\$	51,856,222 444,437 20,763,869	\$ 172,997,166 1,119,024 45,410,160	\$	170,019,698 1,210,981 43,807,435		
Total net assets	\$	146,086,420	\$	141,973,586	\$	73,439,930	\$	73,064,528	\$ 219,526,350	\$	215,038,114		

City of Harrisonburg's Net Assets

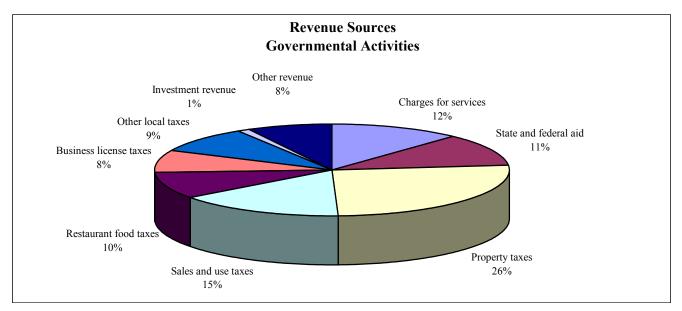
		Government	al Ac	ctivities		Business-ty	ype .	Activities	Tota	al
		2005		2004		2005		2004	2005	2004
Revenues:										
Programs revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	8,424,291 \$	5	7,969,773	\$	19,253,517	\$	17,582,426 \$	27,677,808 \$	25,552,199
Operating grants and										
contributions		4,411,515		3,866,132		966,231		912,114	5,377,746	4,778,246
Capital grants and										
contributions		622,947		115,122		1,824,444		1,041,271	2,447,391	1,156,393
General revenues:										
Property taxes		18,235,771		18,120,703		-		-	18,235,771	18,120,703
Sales and use taxes		10,739,589		9,747,138		-		-	10,739,589	9,747,138
Restaurant food taxes		6,723,886		6,351,607		-		-	6,723,886	6,351,607
Business license taxes		5,306,290		5,013,674		-		-	5,306,290	5,013,674
Other local taxes		6,503,792		6,468,977		-		-	6,503,792	6,468,977
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs		3,014,121		3,086,923		-		-	3,014,121	3,086,923
Investment revenue		752,552		568,770		609,291		376,714	1,361,843	945,484
Other revenue		4,979,680		4,862,402		1,167,979		931,303	6,147,659	5,793,705
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	535,732		-	-	-		-	535,732	-
Total revenues	\$	70,250,166 \$	5	66,171,221	\$	23,821,462	\$	20,843,828 \$	94,071,628 \$	87,015,049
Expenses:										
General government										
administration	\$	8,659,789 \$	5	8,095,033	\$	-	\$	- \$	8,659,789 \$	8,095,033
Jail and judicial administration		1,720,208		1,411,339		-		-	1,720,208	1,411,339
Public safety		13,385,735		12,308,346		-		-	13,385,735	12,308,346
Public works		8,932,355		9,570,485		-		-	8,932,355	9,570,485
Health and welfare		2,318,720		2,157,251		-		-	2,318,720	2,157,251
Education		21,784,772		20,351,713		-		-	21,784,772	20,351,713
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,781,327		2,636,326		-		-	2,781,327	2,636,326
Planning and community									-	-
development		2,426,890		1,526,341		-		-	2,426,890	1,526,341
Interest on long-term debt		3,869,356		3,898,786		-		-	3,869,356	3,898,786
Water		-		-		3,805,703		3,362,062	3,805,703	3,362,062
Sewer		-		-		4,872,836		4,870,754	4,872,836	4,870,754
Public transportation		-		-		4,635,925		4,162,232	4,635,925	4,162,232
Sanitation		-		-		8,764,331		5,795,311	8,764,331	5,795,311
Public parking		-		-		209,084		208,202	209,084	208,202
Golf course	-	-		-	_	1,416,361		1,338,559	1,416,361	1,338,559
Total expenses	\$	65,879,152 \$	S	61,955,620	\$	23,704,240	\$	19,737,120 \$	89,583,392 \$	81,692,740
Increase in net assets										
before transfers	\$	4,371,014 \$	5	4,215,601	\$	117,222	\$	1,106,708 \$	4,488,236 \$	5,322,309
Transfers	_	(258,180)		(1,013,975)		258,180	-	1,013,975	<u> </u>	-
Change in net assets	\$	4,112,834 \$	5	3,201,626	\$	375,402	\$	2,120,683 \$	4,488,236 \$	5,322,309
Net assets at beginning of year	_	141,973,586	1	38,771,960	_	73,064,528	_	70,943,845	215,038,114	209,715,805
Net assets at end of year	\$	146,086,420 \$	51	41,973,586	\$	73,439,930	\$	73,064,528 \$	219,526,350 \$	215,038,114

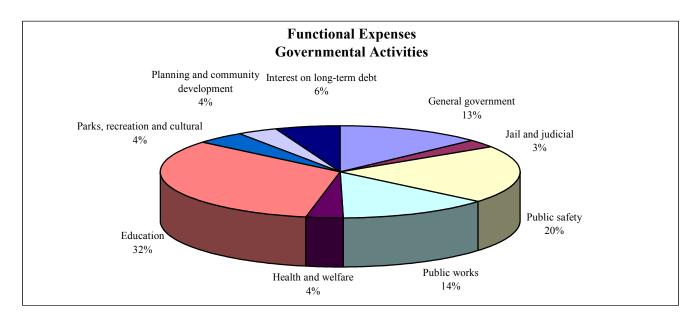
City of Harrisonburg's Changes in Net Assets

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$4,112,834. Key elements affecting governmental activities are as follows:

• Sales and use taxes increased \$992,451 (10.2 percent) during the current year as a result of increased economic activity in the City.

- Restaurant food taxes and business license taxes increased \$372,279 (5.9 percent) and \$292,616 (5.8 percent), respectively, as a result of increased economic activity in the City.
- Operating grants and contributions increased \$545,383 (14.1 percent) primarily due to new community development bock grant funding that the City began receiving during the current year.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$507,825 primarily due to one-time grant funding for renovations to the Hardesty-Higgins house and development of a new radio communications system.
- The City recognized a \$535,732 gain from the sale of a capital asset. In January 2005, the City sold the historic portion of the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center (Center). The sale allowed for the use of certain tax credits to assist in financing the renovations to the historic portion of the Center.
- Expenses in the jail and judicial administration activity increased due to additional employees being hired at the jail, as well, as a general increase in operating expenses.
- Expenses in the public safety activity increased \$1,077,389 (8.8 percent) for three main reasons. First, the hiring of new employees at the police department, which included four new police officers and six new police record clerks. Second, the hiring of four new E911 dispatchers at the emergency communications center. Finally, the fire department used approximately \$469,000 in grants from the Department of Homeland Security to purchase replacement equipment.
- Expenses in the public works activity decreased \$638,130 (6.7 percent) primarily due a decrease in expenses associated with the City's street repaying program.
- Expenses in the education activity increased \$1,433,059 (7 percent) primarily due to an increase in the transfer of capital assets to the School Board. As the City makes principal payments on school related debt, it transfers an equal amount of capital assets to the School Board. This arrangement is discussed in more detail in the notes to the financial statements.
- Expenses in the planning and community development activity increased \$900,549 (59 percent) due to expenses associated with a new community development block grant program. This program is entirely funded from federal grants. Also, the economic development department implemented several new initiatives to attract technology firms to downtown Harrisonburg. These initiatives included approximately \$200,000 in payments to the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority to support their operating and debt service costs associated with the purchase and renovation of an office building in the downtown area and to James Madison University for assistance in creating the Harrisonburg Downtown Technology Zone.
- Transfers increased \$755,795 due mainly to a transfer from the Golf Course Fund (a business-type activity). The Golf Course Fund was closed out as an operating fund at year-end. This resulted in \$1,057,707 in ending net assets of the Golf Course Fund being transferred into governmental activities.





Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$375,402. Key elements affecting business-type activities are as follows:

- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$783,173 (75.2 percent) during the current year. The City's public transportation activity purchased six new transit buses in the current year. Federal and state grants typically cover approximately 90 percent of these purchases. This is compared to only two transit buses being purchased the previous year.
- Charges for services increased \$1,671,091 (9.5 percent) due in large part to revenue increases in the sanitation activity. Refuse collection rates were increased in 2005 along with a full year of steam plant tipping fee revenue after the completion of the City's steam plant rebuild in February 2004. Also, the reimbursement for operations at the steam plant from James Madison University increased due to the full year of operations.
- Transfers decreased \$755,795 as mentioned above in the discussion of governmental activities.
- Expenses in the water activity increased \$443,641 (13.2 percent) mainly from the costs associated with the removal of an old hydroelectric dam on City owned property adjacent to the location of a new intake valve on the South Fork of the Shenandoah River. These expenses were partially offset with \$159,000 in various grant contributions.
- Expenses in the public transportation activity increased \$473,693 (11.4 percent) from the addition of new personnel and increased depreciation expense associated with the purchase of new buses.
- Expenses in the sanitation activity increased \$2,969,020 (51.2 percent) partially due to an increase in depreciation and interest expense. The City recognized a full year of depreciation in 2005 on the steam plant rebuild that was completed in the previous fiscal year and had been capitalizing interest in previous years on the May 2002 bond issue associated with the steam plant rebuild. Also in the previous fiscal year, the City decreased its landfill closure by approximately \$1.7 million after using an engineering consulting firm to calculate the liability. This adjustment was treated as a change in accounting estimate and was reported on the operating statement.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Component Units)

School Board activities. Unrestricted net assets of the School Board increased \$465,230 (18.5 percent) during the current year to \$2,978,367. School Board expenses increased \$2,687,472 (7 percent). This increase in expenses was partially offset by an increase in intergovernmental revenue of \$3,881,991 (22.8 percent). This increase in revenues was mainly due to an increase in the School Board's share of the state sales tax, state basic school aid,

state standards of quality funds and funding from the Federal Government. The School Board's payment from the City increased \$525,748. The combination of the above factors resulted in the increase of unrestricted net assets previously mentioned.

HEC activities. HEC's net assets increased \$1,541,654 during the year, as compared to a \$2,371,878 increase in the previous year. Operating revenues increased by \$464,685 (1.1 percent) during the current year, while expenses increased 1,416,295 (3.4 percent). On May 1, 2005, HEC received a rate increase for electricity purchased and elected not to pass the increase through to its customers. The increased cost of electricity purchased and fuel costs for electricity produced were primarily responsible for the increase in expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,704,795, while total fund balance reached \$19,454,425. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditure and other financing uses. Unreserved fund balance represents 19.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 30.2 percent of that same amount.

Other financial factors affecting the General Fund have been included in the above discussion on the City's governmental activities

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water Fund. Net assets in the Water Fund increased \$1,424,962 compared to an increase of \$1,506,612 in the previous year. Charges for services increased \$171,893 (3.8 percent) due to an approximate three percent rate increase, while total operating expenses increased \$421,225 (12.8 percent).

Sewer Fund. Net assets in the Sewer Fund decreased \$92,341 compared to a decrease of \$270,094 in the previous year. Charges for services increased \$170,335 (3.6 percent) due to a rate increase, while total operating expenses remained flat.

Public Transportation Fund. Net assets in the Public Transportation Fund increased \$744,912 compared to an increase of \$196,565 in the previous year. Operating revenues increased a total of 4.5 percent due to an increase in revenue from school bus services provided to the School Board, while total operating expenses increased \$478,696 (11.5 percent) due to increased depreciation and personnel expenses. Capital grant contributions increased \$872,304 due to factors discussed earlier in connection with the business-type activities analysis.

Sanitation Fund. Net assets in the Sanitation Fund decreased \$645,910 compared to an increase of \$1,001,655 in the previous year. The factors affecting the Sanitation Fund's results are the same as those discussed earlier in connection with the business-type activities analysis.

Golf Course Fund. Operating revenues decreased 3 percent from the previous fiscal year as the number of annual membership passes sold decreased, while operating expenses increased 7.8 percent. At the end of the fiscal year, the City decided to close out the operations of the Golf Course Fund as a reporting unit. Golf course operations

will be shown in the General Fund and in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements beginning with fiscal year 2006. This resulted in the ending net assets of the Golf Course Fund being transferred to the General Fund and the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original and the final amended General Fund budget amounted to \$7,891,413, or 12.6 percent of the original budget, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$4,275,000 appropriated for the purchase of land.
- \$1,289,479 appropriated and transferred to the General Capital Projects Fund for various projects.
- \$580,726 appropriated for various state and federal fire department grants.
- \$475,000 appropriated for a transfer to the Golf Course Fund for operating purposes.
- \$468,396 moved from the Emergency Communications Center Fund budget.
- \$358,000 appropriated for additional capital and operating purposes for the jail and judicial complex.
- \$319,956 appropriated for prior year encumbrances.
- \$105,630 appropriated for various state and federal police department grants.
- \$993,478 appropriated for other purposes. Funding was provided by various sources such as police asset forfeiture funds, donations and other miscellaneous revenues.
- \$974,252 unappropriated from payments to the School Board. After the original budget was approved, the School Board was notified by the Commonwealth of additional funding that allowed the City to reduce its payment from the General Fund to the School Board.

There were several significant variances between the final amended budget and the actual results in the General Fund, and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Other local tax revenue exceeded the final amended budget by \$1,873,005. This was primarily the result of sales and use tax collections far exceeding the amount budgeted.
- Public works expenditure results were \$4,995,709 less than the final amended budget. In June 2005, the City Council budgeted \$4,250,000 to purchase land on Port Republic Road. The actual purchase of the land did not occur until after year-end in July 2005.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2005, amounts to \$293,522,285 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure (e.g., streets and bridges) and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.1 percent (a 9.4 percent increase for governmental activities and a 3.6 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Significant capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction continued on the City's new high school increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$8,016,098.
- Construction continued on the renovation and addition to the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$2,522,775.
- Construction and development was begun on the joint Harrisonburg-Rockingham radio communications system increasing governmental activities' construction in progress by \$3,991,976.
- Net capital assets in the amount of \$5,557,220 were transferred from business-type activities to governmental activities as a result of the close out of the Golf Course Fund.
- Construction continued on several water projects increased the business-type activities' construction in progress by approximately \$3 million. These projects include the water treatment plant expansion, new water tank construction, water treatment plant sludge projects and eastern water source development.

City of Harrisonburg's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	_	Governmental	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Tota	l
	_	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Land	\$	37,234,859 \$	36,607,799 \$	3,549,772 \$	4,892,491 \$	40,784,631 \$	41,500,290
Buildings		28,799,407	30,409,195	6,051,218	7,114,410	34,850,625	37,523,605
Improvements other							
than buildings		5,211,828	875,911	4,580,943	9,164,721	9,792,771	10,040,632
Machinery and equipment		4,715,199	4,579,220	29,370,859	28,991,420	34,086,058	33,570,640
Infrastructure		73,121,731	75,534,539	32,573,448	33,742,948	105,695,179	109,277,487
Construction in progress	_	55,517,223	39,059,800	12,795,798	8,301,737	68,313,021	47,361,537
Total capital assets	\$	204,600,247 \$	187,066,464 \$	88,922,038 \$	92,207,727 \$	293,522,285 \$	279,274,191

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 44 through 46 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$140,100,676. Of this amount, \$123,194,845 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. \$16,699,576 of this amount is debt that is secured by a specified revenue source that is also backed by the full faith and credit of the City in the event these revenues are insufficient to make debt service payments. The City's total long-term debt increased \$4,738,057 during the current fiscal year.

Significant long-term debt events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The City entered into a \$5,740,000 capital lease to fund the construction of the radio communications system.
- The City issued \$7,250,000 in bonds to purchase land on Port Republic Road and to obtain additional funding for the radio communications system.
- A note payable in the amount of \$2,970,000, issued in December 2003, was assumed by Lucy F. Simms, L.P.
- Long-term debt in the amount of \$6,371,238 was transferred from business-type activities to governmental activities as a result of the close out of the Golf Course Fund.
- The City refunded a 1995 Sanitation Fund (business-type activities) bond issue realizing a debt service savings of \$394,797 and an economic gain of \$334,168.

		(net of prem	iums/discounts and		g charges)		
		Governmental	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Tota	l
	_	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
General obligation bonds General obligation school	\$	22,929,704 \$	16,404,464 \$	29,292,721 \$	29,586,475 \$	52,222,425 \$	45,990,939
bonds		53,849,194	56,381,390	-	-	53,849,194	56,381,390
General obligation revenue						-	-
bonds		6,343,292	-	10,356,284	16,868,680	16,699,576	16,868,680
Notes payable		400,000	3,297,307	-	128,527	400,000	3,425,834
Capital leases		10,575,685	5,373,206	-	-	10,575,685	5,373,206
State Literary Funds		23,650	35,475			23,650	35,475
Landfill closure and							
postclosure		-	-	2,959,112	3,552,453	2,959,112	3,552,453
Contractual obligation		286,773	886,773	-	-	286,773	886,773
Compensated absences	_	2,342,710	2,108,369	741,551	739,500	3,084,261	2,847,869
Total long-term debt	\$	96,751,008 \$	84,486,984 \$	43,349,668 \$	50,875,635 \$	140,100,676 \$	135,362,619

City of Harrisonburg's Long-term Debt Outstanding

(net of premiums/discounts and deferred refunding charges)

The City maintains an A rating from Standard & Poor's and an Aa3 rating from Moody's for general obligation debt based upon the most recent bond issue.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may incur to 10 percent of its total assessed real property valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$202,313,762 of which \$67,656,927 is available for use.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 on pages 48 through 60 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following were factors in preparing the City's 2006 fiscal year budget.

- The unemployment rate of the City of Harrisonburg in June 2005 was 3.8 percent, which is an increase from a rate of 3.7 percent a year ago. This rate still compares favorably to the 3.8 percent state and 5.2 percent national rates from June 2005.
- An additional \$1.5 million in funding from the General Fund to the School Board to assist in funding the hiring of additional employees and for operating expenses at the new high school that opened in August 2005.
- An additional \$1.1 million in transfers to the Sanitation Fund to help support that fund's debt service.

The approved \$67 million fiscal year 2006 General Fund budget included the use of \$1.6 million from unreserved and undesignated fund balance. There were no General Fund rate increases or new taxes approved.

An approximate 2.5 percent increase in water rates was approved to assist in the continued funding of the debt service payments on the City's June 2002 Water Fund bond issue. A Sewer Fund rate increase of approximately 3.6 percent was approved to assist in the continued increase in operational costs at the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority.

In the Sanitation Fund residential refuse collection rates were increased from \$14 to \$16 a month and commercial refuse collection rates were increased proportionally in order to continue funding of debt service payments on the City's June 2002 Sanitation Fund bond issue associated with the steam plant rebuild.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. A copy of this report in its entirety may be downloaded from the City's website at www.ci.harrisonburg.va.us. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Harrisonburg, Director of Finance, 345 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, VA 22801.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THIS PAGE LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS At June 30, 2005

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from primary government Due from component unit	\$	Governmental Activities 23,932,668 - 26,734,673 - 3,560	 Business-type Activities 24,879,761	\$ Total 48,812,429	 School Board 5,484,959	<u> </u>	HEC
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from primary government Due from component unit	\$	23,932,668 - 26,734,673	\$ 24,879,761	\$	\$	• _	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from primary government Due from component unit	\$	26,734,673	\$ -	\$ 48,812,429	\$ 5 484 050	¢	
Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from primary government Due from component unit	\$	26,734,673	\$ -	\$ 48,812,429	\$ 5 484 050	¢	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from primary government Due from component unit		-	-		5,464,959	φ	5,280,768
Due from primary government Due from component unit		-		-	300,014		6,250,000
Due from component unit		- 3,560	1,588,320	28,322,993	1,146,203		4,395,233
		3,560	-	-	-		140,935
			484	4,044	-		65,796
Internal balances		189,215	(189,215)	-	-		-
Inventory		1,611,357	-	1,611,357	36,726		1,329,275
Prepaid expenses		-	44,006	44,006	210,075		130,673
Loans receivable		1,641,407	-	1,641,407	-		-
Restricted assets		11,644,520	2,983,643	14,628,163	-		-
Capital assets:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated		92,752,082	16,345,570	109,097,652	1,804,232		4,222,822
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		111,848,165	72,576,468	184,424,633	21,476,018		45,143,095
Other assets		408,019	818,206	1,226,225	-		-
	_						
Total assets	\$	270,765,666	\$ 119,047,243	\$ 389,812,909	\$ 30,458,227	\$	66,958,597
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,237,181	\$ 466,871	\$ 2,704,052	\$ 25,595	\$	3,209,407
Accrued payroll		557,331	200,983	758,314	3,496,697		-
Accrued interest		1,405,866	789,649	2,195,515	-		-
Due to primary government		-	-	-	-		484
Due to component unit		71,391	69,544	140,935	65,796		-
Deferred revenue		22,397,199	46,420	22,443,619	-		-
Other liabilities		523,684	25,027	548,711	-		171,448
Customer deposits		-	227,813	227,813	-		582,236
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		735,586	431,338	1,166,924	-		-
Long-term debt:							
Due within one year		5,542,898	1,798,771	7,341,669	264,789		279,233
Due in more than one year	_	91,208,110	 41,550,897	 132,759,007	 346,733		663,835
Total liabilities	\$	124,679,246	\$ 45,607,313	\$ 170,286,559	\$ 4,199,610	\$	4,906,643
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	120,778,336	\$ 52,218,830	\$ 172,997,166	\$ 23,280,250	\$	49,365,917
Restricted for:							
Debt service		730,566	-	730,566	-		-
E-911 system		145,769	-	145,769	-		-
Drug forfeiture		90,360	-	90,360	-		-
Police department grants		12,456	-	12,456	-		-
Fire department grants		139,873	-	139,873	-		-
Unrestricted	_	24,189,060	 21,221,100	 45,410,160	 2,978,367		12,686,037
Total net assets	\$	146,086,420	\$ 73,439,930	\$ 219,526,350	\$ 26,258,617	\$	62,051,954

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

					F	Program Revenue	es	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	-	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary Government:		•			-			
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	8,659,789	\$	6,591,292	\$	300,952	\$	-
Jail and judicial administration		1,720,208		604,029		-		-
Public safety		13,385,735		553,418		554,534		190,000
Public works		8,932,355		-		3,162,713		103,661
Health and welfare		2,318,720		-		-		-
Education		21,784,772		-		-		-
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,781,327		278,415		20,667		-
Planning and community development		2,426,890		397,137		372,649		329,286
Interest on long-term debt		3,869,356		-	-	-		-
Total governmental activities	\$	65,879,152	\$	8,424,291	\$	4,411,515	\$	622,947
Business-type activities:								
Water	\$	3,805,703	\$	4,802,169	\$	-	\$	265,375
Sewer		4,872,836		4,916,716		-		127,207
Public transportation		4,635,925		2,236,842		966,231		1,431,862
Sanitation		8,764,331		6,544,948		-		-
Public parking		209,084		242,952		-		-
Golf course		1,416,361		509,890	-	-		-
Total business-type activities	\$	23,704,240	\$	19,253,517	\$	966,231	\$	1,824,444
Total primary government	\$ _	89,583,392	\$	27,677,808	\$	5,377,746	\$	2,447,391
Component units:								
School Board	\$	41,017,960	\$	868,600	\$	9,392,341	\$	-
Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC)	_	43,493,437		44,842,073	_	-		-
Total component units	\$	84,511,397	\$	45,710,673	\$	9,392,341	\$	

General revenues: Property taxes Sales and use taxes Restaurant food taxes Business license taxes Other local taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted payment from primary government Investment revenue Other revenue Gain on sale of capital assets Transfers Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year

Net assets at end of year

 	Pr	imary Governme	nt			Compo	ner	nt Units
Governmental		Business-type			_	School		
Activities		Activities		Total	_	Board		HEC
(1,767,545)	\$	-	\$	(1,767,545)	\$	-	\$	
(1,116,179)		-		(1,116,179)		-		
(12,087,783)		-		(12,087,783)		-		
(5,665,981)		-		(5,665,981)		-		
(2,318,720)		-		(2,318,720)		-		
(21,784,772)		-		(21,784,772)		-		
(2,482,245)		-		(2,482,245)		-		
(1,327,818)		-		(1,327,818)		-		
(3,869,356)		-		(3,869,356)	_	-		
(52,420,399)	\$		\$	(52,420,399)	\$		\$	
	•		•		¢		¢	
-	\$	1,261,841	\$	1,261,841	\$	-	\$	
-		171,087		171,087		-		
-		(990)		(990)		-		
-		(2,219,383)		(2,219,383)		-		
-		33,868		33,868		-		
-		(906,471)		(906,471)	-	-		
-	\$	(1,660,048)	\$	(1,660,048)	\$	-	\$	
(52,420,399)	\$	(1,660,048)	\$	(54,080,447)	\$	-	\$	
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(30,757,019)	\$	
-		-		-	_	-		1,348,63
 	\$		\$		\$	(30,757,019)	\$	1,348,63
18,235,771	\$	-	\$	18,235,771	\$	-	\$	
10,739,589		-		10,739,589		-		
6,723,886		-		6,723,886		-		
5,306,290		-		5,306,290		-		
6,503,792		-		6,503,792		-		
3,014,121		-		3,014,121		13,731,223		
-		-		-		19,193,377		
752,552		609,291		1,361,843		11,466		193,0
4,979,680		1,167,979		6,147,659		100,132		
535,732		-		535,732		-		
(258,180)		258,180			_	-		
56,533,233	\$	2,035,450	\$	58,568,683	\$	33,036,198	\$	193,0
4,112,834	\$	375,402	\$	4,488,236	\$	2,279,179	\$	1,541,63
141,973,586		73,064,528		215,038,114	_	23,979,438		60,510,3
146,086,420	\$	73,439,930	\$	219,526,350	\$	26,258,617	\$	62,051,9

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2005

	General Fund	_	General Capital Projects Fund	School Bond Capital Projects Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents \$	12,259,698	\$	7,976,562	\$ -	\$		\$	20,236,260
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	26,515,977		15,147	-		199,615		26,730,739
Due from other funds	258,160		-	207,745		-		465,905
Loans receivable	1,641,407		-	-		-		1,641,407
Restricted assets	5,006,280		5,814,182	 824,058	-		-	11,644,520
Total assets \$	45,681,522	\$	13,805,891	\$ 1,031,803	\$	199,615	\$.	60,718,831
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable \$	744,171	\$	511,931	\$ -	\$	75,202	\$	1,331,304
Accrued payroll	537,168		-	-		2,913		540,081
Due to other funds	-		207,745	-		121,500		329,245
Due to component unit	71,097		-	-		-		71,097
Deferred revenue	24,350,977		190,000	-		-		24,540,977
Other liabilities	523,684		-	-		-		523,684
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	-		598,027	 137,559	-		-	735,586
Total liabilities \$	26,227,097	\$	1,507,703	\$ 137,559	\$	199,615	\$_	28,071,974
Fund Balances:								
Reserved \$	6,749,630	\$	5,759,755	\$ 894,244	\$	-	\$	13,403,629
Unreserved:								
Designated	1,827,166		6,538,433	-		-		8,365,599
Undesignated	10,877,629		-	 -	-		-	10,877,629
Total fund balances \$	19,454,425	\$	12,298,188	\$ 894,244	\$		\$_	32,646,857
Total liabilities and fund balances \$	45,681,522	\$	13,805,891	\$ 1,031,803	\$	199,615	\$_	60,718,831

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS At June 30, 2005

Total fund balance of governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 32,646,857
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:	
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	2,143,778
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	204,535,350
Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(97,663,336)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental	
activities in the statement of net assets.	4,423,771
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	\$ 146,086,420

Exhibit 4

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_	General Fund	-	General Capital Projects Fund	_	School Bond Capital Projects Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$	18,083,460	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,083,460
Other local taxes		29,240,984		-		-		-		29,240,984
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		403,621		-		-		-		403,621
Fines and forfeitures		604,029		-		-		-		604,029
Revenue from use of money and property		610,090		77,193		98,591		-		785,874
Charges for services		292,843		-		-		-		292,843
Miscellaneous		4,813,742		50,000		-		-		4,863,742
Recovered costs		665,131		1,197,822		-		-		1,862,953
Intergovernmental	_	6,933,898		329,286	_	-	-	496,977	_	7,760,161
Total revenues	\$	61,647,798	\$	1,654,301	\$	98,591	\$	496,977	\$	63,897,667
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government administration	\$	2,689,218	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,689,218
Jail and judicial administration		1,929,277		-		-		-		1,929,277
Public safety		13,202,723		-		-		-		13,202,723
Public works		6,096,761		-		-		-		6,096,761
Health and welfare		2,296,855		-		-		-		2,296,855
Education		19,193,377		-		-		-		19,193,377
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,686,375		-		-		-		2,686,375
Planning and community development		2,675,704		-		-		339,020		3,014,724
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		4,156,753		-		-		-		4,156,753
Interest and fiscal charges		3,863,973		-		-		-		3,863,973
Capital projects		-		13,078,617		8,016,098		-		21,094,715
Total expenditures	\$	58,791,016	\$	13,078,617	\$	8,016,098	\$	339,020	\$	80,224,751
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	\$	2,856,782	\$	(11,424,316)	\$	(7,917,507)	\$	157,957	\$	(16,327,084)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Long-term debt issued	\$	4,316,000	\$	9,074,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,390,000
Transfers in		2,156,570		2,626,180		-		-		4,782,750
Transfers out		(5,532,524)		(153,558)		-		(157,957)		(5,844,039)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	940,046		11,546,622		-	\$	(157,957)	\$	12,328,711
Net change in fund balances	\$	3,796,828	\$	122,306	\$	(7,917,507)	\$	-	\$	(3,998,373)
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	15,657,597	-	12,175,882	-	8,811,751			-	36,645,230
Fund balances at end of year	\$	19,454,425	\$	12,298,188	\$	894,244	\$		\$	32,646,857

Exhibit 6

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Ext RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$	(3,998,373)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		16,570,501
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of capital assets sold.		(3,712,332)
Certain revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these revenues.		1,607,611
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to gov- ernmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatmen of long-term debt and related items.	t	(5,673,501)
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.		(151,799)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to other funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		1,045,004
The transfer of certain assets and liabilities (i.e., capital assets and long-term debt) from the Golf Course Fund effects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.		644,803
The transfer of capital assets between the primary government and the School Board (component unit) effects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	-	(2,219,080)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	4,112,834

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Exhibit 7

	_	Budgeted A			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$	18,640,708 \$	18,640,708 \$	18,083,460	,
Other local taxes		27,155,661	27,367,979	29,240,984	1,873,005
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		308,520	308,520	403,621	95,101
Fines and forfeitures		402,000	402,000	604,029	202,029
Revenue from use of money and property		291,000	291,000	610,090	319,090
Charges for services		252,200	252,200	292,843	40,643
Miscellaneous		4,556,600	4,582,160	4,813,742	231,582
Recovered costs		378,716	836,394	665,131	(171,263)
Intergovernmental		5,974,393	6,454,075	6,933,898	479,823
Total revenues	\$	57,959,798 \$	59,135,036 \$	61,647,798	\$ 2,512,762
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	2,905,449 \$	2,770,955 \$	2,689,218	\$ 81,737
Jail and judicial administration		1,600,000	1,958,000	1,929,277	28,723
Public safety		11,866,641	13,449,740	13,202,723	247,017
Public works		6,975,091	11,092,470	6,096,761	4,995,709
Health and welfare		2,305,861	2,308,521	2,296,855	11,666
Education		20,167,629	19,193,377	19,193,377	-
Parks, recreation and cultural		3,323,525	3,389,982	2,686,375	703,607
Planning and community development		2,414,268	2,802,125	2,675,704	126,421
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		3,996,753	4,156,753	4,156,753	-
Interest and fiscal charges		3,812,069	3,867,400	3,863,973	3,427
Total expenditures	\$	59,367,286 \$	64,989,323 \$	58,791,016	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	(1,407,488) \$	(5,854,287) \$	2,856,782	\$ 8,711,069
Other financing sources (uses):					
Long-term debt issued	\$	- \$	- \$	4,316,000	\$ 4,316,000
Transfers in		1,641,848	1,719,287	2,156,570	437,283
Transfers out		(3,263,148)	(5,532,524)	(5,532,524)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,621,300) \$	(3,813,237) \$	940,046	\$ 4,753,283
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(3,028,788) \$	(9,667,524) \$	3,796,828	\$ 13,464,352
Fund balance at beginning of year				15,657,597	
Fund balance at end of year			\$	19,454,425	

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2005

	Enterprise Funds														
	-	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Public Transportation Fund	Sanitation Fund		Parking Authority Fund		Golf Course Fund		Total		Internal Service Funds
Assets	-		-											. –	
Current assets:															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,073,532	\$	5,578,484	\$	358,726 \$	8,399,418	\$	469,601	\$	- 5	\$	24,879,761	\$	3,696,408
Receivables (net of allowance															
for uncollectibles)		559,483		559,772		15,079	416,035		269		-		1,550,638		3,934
Due from component unit		-		-		-	484		-		-		484		3,560
Due from other governments		-		-		37,682	-	•	-		-		37,682		-
Inventory		-		-		-	-	•	-		-		-		1,611,357
Prepaid expenses Total current assets	\$	10,633,015	- -	31,410	¢	<u>12,596</u> 424,083 \$	8,815,937		469,870			\$	44,006	¢ —	5,315,259
Total current assets		10,035,015	Þ —	0,109,000	- Ф	424,083 \$	0,013,937	_ ["]	409,870	- ⁻ -		Þ —	20,312,371	° —	3,313,239
Noncurrent assets:															
Restricted assets	\$	2,601,658	R	_	\$	- \$	381,985	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	2,983,643	\$	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated	ψ	2,001,050	þ	_	φ	- φ	501,705	ψ	_	φ		þ	2,705,045	φ	_
depreciation)		31,119,860		20,679,781		6,127,416	30,504,022		490,959		-		88,922,038		64,897
Other assets		110,951		20,079,701		0,127,410	707,255				_		818,206		
Total noncurrent assets	\$	33,832,469	к —	20,679,781	\$	6,127,416 \$	31,593,262	_	490,959	\$		s –	92,723,887	\$	64,897
Total honeurent assets	Ψ.	55,652,407	, –	20,077,701	-	0,127,410 \$	51,575,202		470,757	- Ψ-		<i>p</i> –	12,125,001	Ψ	04,077
Total assets	\$	44,465,484	\$_	26,849,447	\$	6,551,499 \$	40,409,199	\$	960,829	\$	- 5	\$ _	119,236,458	\$	5,380,156
Liabilities and Net Assets															
Current liabilities:															
Accounts payable	\$	62,746	\$	132,037	\$	13,880 \$	246,006	\$	12,202	\$	- 5	\$	466,871	\$	905,877
Accrued payroll		37,684		34,730		53,675	71,060)	3,834		-		200,983		17,250
Accrued interest		230,028		-		-	559,621		-		-		789,649		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-	-	-	-		-		-		136,660
Due to component unit		8,963		2,869		1,721	54,059)	1,932		-		69,544		294
Deferred revenue		-		-		-	-	-	46,420		-		46,420		-
Compensated absences		84,455		86,783		107,168	119,084		10,105		-		407,595		44,995
Other liabilities		25,027		-		-	-	-	-		-		25,027		-
Customer deposits		227,813		-		-	-	-	-		-		227,813		-
Landfill closure and postclosure		-		-		-	74,529)	-		-		74,529		-
Current portion of bonds payable		176,836	_	-		-	1,139,811		-		-	_	1,316,647		-
Total current liabilities	\$	853,552	\$_	256,419	\$	176,444 \$	2,264,170	\$	74,493	\$	- 5	\$_	3,625,078	\$	1,105,076
Noncurrent liabilities:															
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$	426,011 \$	\$	-	\$	- \$	5,327	\$	-	\$	- 5	\$	431,338	\$	-
Compensated absences		123,133		59,362		50,232	95,149)	6,080		-		333,956		40,524
Landfill closure and postclosure		-		-		-	2,884,583		-		-		2,884,583		-
Bonds payable	_	10,179,448	_	-	_		28,152,910		-		-	_	38,332,358		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	10,728,592	\$	59,362	\$	50,232 \$	31,137,969	\$	6,080	\$	- 5	\$	41,982,235	\$	40,524
Total liabilities	\$	11,582,144	– د	315,781	\$	226,676 \$	33,402,139	\$	80,573	s -	_ <	\$	45,607,313	\$	1,145,600
2 otar manifices	Ψ.	11,002,177		515,701	-Ψ	220,070 \$	55,102,157	Ψ-	50,575	- ⁻ -		~ <u> </u>		Ψ_	1,110,000
Net assets:															
Invested in capital assets, net of															
related debt	\$	23,050,174	\$	20,679,781	\$	6,127,416 \$	1,870,500	\$	490,959	\$	- 5	\$	52,218,830	\$	64,897
Unrestricted		9,833,166		5,853,885		197,407	5,136,560)	389,297		-		21,410,315		4,169,659
Total net assets	\$	32,883,340	\$	26,533,666	\$	6,324,823 \$	7,007,060	\$	880,256	\$	- 5	\$	73,629,145	\$	4,234,556
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	44,465,484	\$	26,849,447	\$	6,551,499 \$	40,409,199	\$	960,829	\$	-			\$	5,380,156
Adjustment to reflect the consolid	Iatio	on of internal se		ce fund activi	itie	es related to enterpr	ise funds						(189,215)	-	
Net assets of business-type activi			. v I			s related to enterpr	ise runus.				(
The assets of busiless-type activit	ues	(Exhibit 1)										° =	73,439,930		

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Enterprise Funds											
	-	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Public Transportation Fund	Sanita Fun			Parking Authority Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	-	runu	-	Funu		T unu	run	<u>u</u>		Tunu	T unu	Totai	T unus
Charges for services Connection fees	\$	4,647,194 \$ 154,975	5	4,868,354 48,362	\$	2,236,842 \$	6,357	,707, -	\$	149,830 \$	509,890 \$	18,769,817 \$ 203,337	11,692,169
Other revenue		-		-		-		-		93,122	-	93,122	-
Total operating revenues	\$	4,802,169 \$	5_	4,916,716	\$	2,236,842 \$	6,357	,707	\$	242,952 \$	509,890 \$	19,066,276 \$	11,692,169
Operating expenses:													
Personal services	\$	1,007,056 \$	5	808,349	\$	1,968,111 \$	1,717	,607	\$	99,118 \$	382,928 \$	5,983,169 \$	465,707
Fringe benefits		351,404		298,943		614,518	671	,700		26,695	118,672	2,081,932	146,950
Purchased services		469,448		82,266		85,974	1,740	,088		18,238	38,080	2,434,094	433,825
Internal services		111,975		140,128		790,539	178	,249		11,185	44,235	1,276,311	2,978
Other charges		426,203		64,796		251,637	1,272	,965		31,809	79,524	2,126,934	534,427
Materials and supplies		260,038		96,651		78,567	291	,855		7,788	146,451	881,350	40,105
Depreciation and amortization		1,082,662		986,809		842,318	2,095	,847		14,312	246,537	5,268,485	15,245
Regional sewer authority:													-
Operations		-		1,401,001		-		-		-	-	1,401,001	-
Debt service		-		998,503		-		-		-	-	998,503	-
Landfill closure and postclosure		-		-		-	(536	419)	-	-	(536,419)	-
Cost of inventory issued		-		-		-	(, ., -		-	-	-	2,351,111
Claims related charges		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	6,888,402
Total operating expenses	\$	3,708,786 \$	5	4,877,446	\$	4,631,664 \$	7,431	,892	\$	209,145 \$	1,056,427 \$	21,915,360 \$	10,878,750
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,093,383 \$	5_	39,270	\$	(2,394,822) \$	(1,074	,185)) \$	33,807 \$	(546,537) \$	(2,849,084) \$	813,419
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):													
Operating grants	\$	- \$	5	-	\$	966,231 \$		-	\$	- \$	- \$	966,231 \$	-
Connection availability fees		359,791		284,963		-		-		-	-	644,754	-
Miscellaneous revenue		168,301		-		27,442		473		-	62,009	258,225	-
Reimbursement of bond payment		-		-			452	,241		-	-	452,241	-
Investment revenue		282,312		122,035		7,087		933		9,438	5,486	609,291	74,186
Interest expense	_	(74,747)	_	-		-	(1,351	-) _	-	(363,072)	(1,789,787)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (net)	\$	735,657 \$	5_	406,998	\$	1,000,760 \$	(716	,321)) \$	9,438 \$	(295,577) \$	1,140,955 \$	74,186
Income (loss) before contributions													
and transfers	\$	1,829,040 \$	5	446,268	\$	(1,394,062) \$	(1,790	,506))\$	43,245 \$	(842,114) \$	(1,708,129) \$	887,605
Capital contributions		265,375		127,207		1,431,862		-		-	-	1,824,444	-
Transfers in		101,919		-		707,112	1,144	,596		2,424	924,916	2,880,967	158,306
Transfers out	-	(771,372)	_	(665,906)				-		(45,000)	(1,140,509)	(2,622,787)	-
Change in net assets	\$	1,424,962 \$	5	(92,431)	\$	744,912 \$	(645	,910))\$	669 \$	(1,057,707) \$	374,495 \$	1,045,911
Net assets at beginning of year	_	31,458,378	_	26,626,097		5,579,911	7,652	,970		879,587	1,057,707		3,188,645
Net assets at end of year	\$	32,883,340 \$	5_	26,533,666	\$	6,324,823 \$	7,007	,060	\$	880,256 \$		\$	4,234,556
Adjustment to reflect the consol	lidatic	on of internal ser	rvi	ce fund activit	tie	s related to enterpri	ise funds					907	
-						· · · · · ·					¢	375,402	
Change in net assets of business	s-туре	activities (EXII	01	u∠)							\$	575,402	

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

					En	iter	prise Funds					
	-	Water	Sewer	T	Public Transportation	s	Sanitation	1	Parking Authority	Golf Course		Internal Services
Cash flows from operating activities:	-	Fund	Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Total	Funds
Receipts from customers	\$	4,614,904 \$	4,845,745	\$	2,238,732 \$		6,479,262 \$	5	253,402 \$	499,072 \$	18,931,117 \$	2,943,96
Receipts from connection fees		154,975	48,063		-		-		-	-	203,038	0 740 01
Receipts from premiums		- 168,301	-		-		- 458		-	-	- 258,210	8,748,81
Receipts from other sources Receipts from customer deposits		128,480	-		27,442		438		-	62,009	128,480	
Payments to employees		(982,475)	(791,453)		(1,956,220)		- (1,715,727)		(96,156)	(378,215)	(5,920,246)	(450,51
Payments for fringe benefits		(340,229)	(289,009)		(597,213)		(652,431)		(26,053)	(115,946)	(2,020,881)	(142,52
Payments to vendors		(1,155,352)	(235,148)		(417,202)	((3,358,132)		(46,225)	(295,419)	(5,507,478)	(3,572,72
Payments for internal services		(111,975)	(140,128)		(790,539)		(178,249)		(11,185)	(44,235)	(1,276,311)	(2,97
Payments to regional sewer authority		-	(2,430,915)		-		-		-	-	(2,430,915)	
Payments for claims related charges		-	-		-		-		-	-	-	(6,862,09
Payments to refund customer deposits	_	(117,346)	-	_	-		-			-	(117,346)	
Net cash provided by (used for)												
operating activities	\$_	2,359,283 \$	1,007,155	\$_	(1,495,000) \$		575,181 \$	5	73,783 \$	(272,734) \$	2,247,668 \$	661,94
Cash flows from noncapital												
financing activities:												
Operating grants	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,108,498 \$;	- \$	5	- \$	- \$	1,108,498 \$	
Transfers in		25,800	-		707,112		1,144,596		2,424	774,916	2,654,848	158,30
Transfers out		(771,372)	(665,906)		-		-		(45,000)	(164,634)	(1,646,912)	
Interfund loan		-	-		-		-		-	-	-	136,66
Principal paid on long-term debt		-	-		-		(128,527)		-	-	(128,527)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	-	-		-		(1,604)	_	<u> </u>	-	(1,604)	
Net cash provided by (used for)	<i>•</i>		((() = 0.0.0)	<i>_</i>					(10.550) \$	(10.000 \$	1.001.000	
noncapital financing activities	\$	(745,572) \$	(665,906)	»_	1,815,610 \$	' —	1,014,465 \$	•	(42,576) \$	610,282 \$	1,986,303 \$	294,96
Cash flows from capital and												
related financing activities:												
Capital grants	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,431,862 \$		- \$	5	- \$	- \$	1,431,862 \$	
Connection availability fees		359,791	284,963		-		-		-	-	644,754	
Transfers in Proceeds from long term dobt		76,119	-		-		-		-	150,000	226,119	
Proceeds from long-term debt Bond issue costs paid		-	-		-		4,280,730 (894)		-	-	4,280,730 (894)	
Payment from JMU for long-term debt							449,946				449,946	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(175,000)	-		-		(265,000)		-	-	(440,000)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(505,379)	-		-		(1,331,706)		-	(360,340)	(2,197,425)	
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		-	-		-		(4,279,836)		-	-	(4,279,836)	
Purchase and construction of capital asset		(3,192,635)	(975,308)		(2,110,405)		(1,622,564)		-	(225,044)	(8,125,956)	
Net cash used for capital and	-			-			<u></u>	_				
related financing activities	\$_	(3,437,104) \$	(690,345)	\$_	(678,543) \$		(2,769,324) \$	5	- \$	(435,384) \$	(8,010,700) \$	
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Proceeds from maturity of investments	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$		- \$	s	- \$	435,000 \$	435,000 \$	
Purchase of investments	Ψ	-	-	Ψ	- -		-	2	-	(439,761)	(439,761)	
Interest received		280,002	120,848		7,044		180,984		9,328	24,145	622,351	73,46
Net cash provided	-	,	- ,	-	.,.		;			, -		
by investing activities	\$	280,002 \$	120,848	\$_	7,044 \$		180,984 \$	5	9,328 \$	19,384 \$	617,590 \$	73,46
Net increase (decrease) in cash												
and cash equivalents	\$	(1,543,391) \$	(228,248)	\$	(350,889) \$		(998,694) \$	5	40,535 \$	(78,452) \$	(3,159,139) \$	1,030,37
Cash and cash equivalents:												
Beginning	-	14,218,581	5,806,732	_	709,615		9,780,097	_	429,066	78,452	31,022,543	2,666,03
Ending	\$	12,675,190 \$	5,578,484	\$	358,726 \$		8,781,403 \$	5	469,601 \$	- \$	27,863,404 \$	3,696,40
-	-			=	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		` _	Ť		

	Enterprise Funds														
	-					Public			,	Parking		Golf		Internal	
		Water		Sewer	1	Fransportation		Sanitation		Authority		Course	T (1	Services	
	-	Fund		Fund	•	Fund	-	Fund	-	Fund	-	Fund	Total	Funds	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalen	ts t	o the balance	e she	eet:											
Cash and cash equivalents - Current assets Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted asset		10,073,532 2,601,658	\$	5,578,484	\$	358,726 \$		8,399,418 381,985	\$	469,601	\$	- \$	24,879,761 \$ 2,983,643	3,696,408	
	\$	12,675,190	\$	5,578,484	\$	358,726 \$	_	8,781,403	\$_	469,601	\$_	- \$	27,863,404 \$	3,696,408	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)	to 1	net cash prov	ided	l by (used for	r) oj	perating activitie	es:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating	\$	1,093,383	\$	39,270	\$	(2,394,822) \$		(1,074,185)	\$	33,807	\$	(546,537) \$	(2,849,084) \$	813,419	
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:															
Depreciation and amortization		1,082,662		986,809		842,318		2,095,847		14,312		246,537	5,268,485	15,245	
Landfill closure and monitoring costs		-		-		-		(593,341)		-		-	(593,341)	-	
Miscellaneous revenue		168,301		-		27,442		473		-		62,009	258,225	-	
Change in assets and liabilities:															
(Increase) decrease in:															
Accounts receivable		(35,137)		(22,609)		1,890		105,154		20		-	49,318	(636)	
Due from component unit		-		-		-		17,158		-		-	17,158	1,244	
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	(212,116)	
Prepaid expenses		9,312		(22,735)		17,166		19,719		427		3,586	27,475	3,286	
Increase (decrease) in:															
Accounts payable		860		6,862		(1,890)		(2,076)		11,708		(19,815)	(4,351)	25,108	
Accrued payroll		8,158		6,708		4,203		14,887		746		2,869	37,571	3,665	
Due to component unit		(520)		1,407		124		4,466		(68)		473	5,882	57	
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-		10,400		(20,190)	(9,790)	-	
Other liabilities		2,847		-		-		-		-		(3,858)	(1,011)	-	
Customer deposits		11,134		-		-		-		-		-	11,134	-	
Compensated absences	_	18,283		11,443		8,569		(12,921)	_	2,431	_	2,192	29,997	12,674	
Net cash provided by (used for)															
operating activities	\$	2,359,283	\$	1,007,155	\$	(1,495,000) \$		575,181	\$_	73,783	\$_	(272,734) \$	2,247,668 \$	661,946	
Non - cash capital and related financing a	ıcti	vities:													
Additions to capital assets:	<i>•</i>	a (a a = -	<i></i>	105.00-	<i></i>	-			.		<i></i>	-			
Contributed by developers	\$	265,375	\$	127,207	\$	- \$		-	\$	-	\$	- \$	392,582 \$	-	
Purchase and construction on account		441,617		120,365		-		14,291		-		13,081	589,354	-	

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES At June 30, 2005

	_	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,898
Interest receivable	-	7
Total assets	\$ =	21,905
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	1,348
Accrued payroll		1,696
Amounts held for others	-	18,861
Total liabilities	\$	21,905

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting entity

The City of Harrisonburg (City) is a municipality governed by an elected five-member council (City Council). The accompanying financial statements present the City, the primary government, and its component units. The component units discussed in the section below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operations, financial relationship and accountability to the City.

Discretely presented component units. The Harrisonburg City School Board (School Board) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City's jurisdiction. The School Board is comprised of five elected members. The School Board is dependent on the City in that it does not have taxing authority, and the City Council must approve the School Board's budget and any debt issuance.

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) is responsible for the operations of the City owned electricity distribution system. HEC purchases electrical energy indirectly from Dominion Virginia Power through the Virginia Municipal Electric Association and resells it to city residents. HEC is managed by a five-member commission appointed by the City Council. HEC is dependent on the City in that it may not issue debt without the approval of City Council. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements contact the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, 89 West Bruce Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Agency funds, a type of fiduciary fund, report only assets and liabilities; therefore, they do not have a measurement focus. Agency funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize assets and liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*, property taxes are recorded as receivables when assessed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, and revenues when the property taxes become available. Sales, restaurant food, admission and amusement, hotel and motel, franchise license, and utility taxes are recognized as receivables and revenue upon collection by the merchant or utility since the taxes are generally remitted in time to be used as a current financial resource for the payment of obligations incurred during the year. Property and other taxes not collected or remitted within 45 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in other funds.

General Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the general government.

School Bond Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the financial resources obtained through bond issuances on behalf of the School Board to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital school facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

Sewer Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewage collection, transmission and disposal operations.

Public Transportation Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's transit and school bus operations.

Sanitation Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's steam plant, refuse collection, recycling and landfill operations.

Parking Authority Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's two parking decks and other metered parking operations.

Golf Course Fund – This fund accounts for the activities of the City's golf course.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for central garage, central stores and self-insured health insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments or agencies, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Agency funds account for assets held by the City in the **Juvenile Crime Control Fund** for the 26th Judicial District Court Service Unit as a participant in the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act (VJCCCA) and in the **Harrisonburg Industrial Development Authority Fund**.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The City has elected not to follow private sector guidance issued after December 1, 1989. HEC, a component unit, applies private-sector guidance issued before and after December 1, 1989.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transfers and other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue connection fees that cover the cost of connecting a customer to the City's water and sewer lines. Operating expenses for the City's proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and budgetary accounting. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the General Capital Projects and School Bond Capital Projects Funds, which adopt project-length budgets. Formal budgetary integration is employed in all funds as a management control device during the year except for the Health Insurance, Juvenile Crime Control and Industrial Development Authority Funds.

Prior to May 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a balanced proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Prior to June 30, the City Council holds public hearings to obtain citizen comments, and a final budget is legally enacted through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget and the revised budget as of June 30, 2005.

The appropriated budget places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The total appropriation for each department can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments, from reserve for contingencies to other departments and re-arrange salaries as may best meet the needs and interest of the City. The City may amend its budget by increasing total appropriations at the fund level through approval of City Council. Supplemental appropriations were made during the year in the General Fund totaling \$7,891,413. Supplemental appropriations that exceed \$500,000 or 1% of the budget, whichever is less, require a public hearing prior to approval. Appropriations lapse at June 30, except for capital projects funds.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and General Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbered amounts are generally reappropriated by City Council in the next fiscal year.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations. For the year ended June 30, 2005, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the fund, activity or element level as follows:

General Fund:	
City council	\$ 1,769
Commissioner of the revenue	1,778
Treasurer	3,026
Police - Operations	8,823
Fire - Prevention	607
Fire - Training	1,188
Fire - E-911 system	12,248
Fire - Public safety building	4,849
Coroner	150
Contributions - Downtown renaissance	2,565

The over expenditures in the General Fund departmental budgets were funded by available fund balance.

E. Assets, liabilities and net asset or fund equity

1. Cash and cash equivalents. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments. The City's investments are reported at fair value, which is obtained by using readily determinable quoted market valuations. Interest earned on pooled investments held by the School Board is assigned to the General Fund.

The City is a voluntary participant in the LGIP, which is an external investment pool. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC); however, the pool is managed consistent with the definition of a "2a-7 like pool" as defined in GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. The Virginia General Assembly has authorized the Treasury Board to administer the LGIP, which has delegated to the State Treasurer the administrative aspects of managing the pool. The City is an involuntary participant in SNAP as required by localities that borrow through the Virginia Public School Authority. All other uses of SNAP are voluntary. SNAP is an open-end management investment company registered with the SEC. The fair value of the investment in these pools is determined by the pool's share price

3. Receivables. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Property taxes. Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed every two years. The last effective general real property reassessment was January 1, 2003. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, but are not collected until the following fiscal year. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, on December 5 and June 5. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5. The portion of the tax receivable that is not collected within 45 days after June 30 is shown as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements. A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest at an annual rate of 10% is charged on unpaid accounts beginning January 1 and July 1.

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible delinquent property tax accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2005 amounted to \$844,849.

5. Inventory and prepaid items. Inventories are valued at average cost. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and is accounted for using the consumption method. The costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses at the time individual inventory items are used or issued. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

6. Restricted assets. The City has cash, investments and receivables presented on the balance sheet as restricted for specific purposes. These restrictions limit the use of these funds based on bond debt service reserve and construction covenants.

7. Capital assets. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In general, the City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure, water/sewer lines and certain other improvements have a capitalization threshold that ranges from \$25,000 to \$100,000. All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. The amount of interest capitalized for the year in the Water Fund was \$430,587.

Depreciation for capital assets is computed over the following useful lives using the straight-line method.

Buildings	40 years
Machinery and equipment	2-30 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years

8. School Board Capital Assets. Under current legislation enacted by the Commonwealth of Virginia, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the locality incurs "on-behalf" debt for school property, which is payable over more than one fiscal year. In order to match the capital asset with the related debt, the legislation permits the City to report the portion of the school property related to the outstanding financial obligation in the primary government. As principal is repaid, capital assets equal to the amount of principal debt reduction will be removed from the primary government financial statements and reported in the School Board's financial statements. The School Board retains authority and responsibility over the operation and control of the property. The City transferred \$2,219,080 in net capital assets to the School Board during the current year on the government-wide statement of activities.

9. Deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is recorded when asset recognition criteria (measurable) have been met, but revenue recognition (available) criteria have not been met. Deferred revenue also consists of amounts that have not been earned as of year-end.

10. Compensated absences. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but not used vacation and sick pay benefits. The City pays a benefit for accumulated sick leave upon an employee's separation from service to the extent the employee meets certain criteria. Vacation and sick pay are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

11. Long-term obligations. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts from bond refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old bonds or the life of the new bonds, whichever is shorter. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred amounts from bond refundings. Bond issuance costs are reported in other assets as bond issue costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Bond premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

12. Fund equity. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally segregated by outside parties for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

13. Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net assets

A reconciliation between the total fund balance as reported in the governmental fund balance sheet and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets is provided on Exhibit 4. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, including bonds and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of the \$97,663,336 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$	(83,642,500)
Bond issue premiums/discounts (net)		(91,100)
Deferred charge for bond issue costs		408,019
Deferred charge for bond refunding		611,410
Notes payable		(400,000)
Capital leases		(10,575,685)
Literary Fund Loans		(23,650)
Contractual obligation		(286,773)
Compensated absences (not including internal service funds)		(2,257,191)
Accrued interest	_	(1,405,866)
Net adjustment	\$	(97,663,336)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

A reconciliation between the total net changes as reported in the fund balance on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities is provided on Exhibit 6. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$16,570,501 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	21,327,319 (4,756,818)
Net adjustment	\$_	16,570,501

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$5,673,501 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred	\$ (13,390,000)
Deferred charge for bond issue costs on debt issued	68,280
Principal payments	4,156,753
Amortization of bond premiums/discounts (net)	15,541
Amortization of bond issue costs	(27,309)
Amortization of deferred bond refunding charges	(55,373)
Contractual obligation payment	600,000
Assumption of note payable	2,970,000
Reduction in bond issue costs and bond premium from assumption of debt	 (11,393)
Net adjustment	\$ (5,673,501)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$151,799 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences Accrued interest	\$ (193,721) 41,922
Net adjustment	\$ (151,799)

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits. The entire bank balances of the City and its component units were covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. Amounts collateralized in accordance with the Act are considered insured. Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loan institutions.

Investments. *Interest rate risk.* In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by investing only in securities maturing in three years or less from the time of purchase. The only security that is subject to interest rate risk is a callable Federal Home Loan Bank bond with a fair value of \$425,756 that matures in March 2007.

Credit risk. Statutes authorize the City and its component units to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). The City's investment policy does not further limit these investment choices.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2005, the City's investment in the Federal Home Loan Bank bond was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The City's investment in the LGIP and SNAP was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

As of June 30, 2005, total deposit and investment balances were as follows:

Primary Government:

Investments: Virginia State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) U.S. Government Securities Money Market Fund U.S. Treasury Securities Money Market Fund Federal Home Loan Bank Bond Deposits	\$	44,822,934 13,897,597 6,429,381 301,419 425,756 (3,209,223)
Total deposits and investments of the primary government	\$_	62,667,864
Component Unit - School Board:		
Investments: Virginia State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) U.S. Government Securities Money Market Fund Certificates of Deposit Deposits	\$	4,992,205 616,951 300,014 (124,197)
Total deposits and investments of the component unit - School Board	\$	5,784,973
Component Unit - HEC:		
Investments: Virginia State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Certificates of Deposit Deposits	\$	4,844,577 6,250,000 433,891
Total deposits and investments of the component unit - HEC	\$_	11,528,468
Reconciliation to Government-wide Financial Statements		
Cash on hand and petty cash (primary government) Cash on hand and petty cash (component units) Grand total deposits and investments of the reporting entity	\$	791,235 2,300 79,981,305
Total reporting entity	\$	80,774,840
Cash and cash equivalents (primary government) Cash and cash equivalents (component unit - School Board) Cash and cash equivalents (component unit - HEC) Investments (component unit - School Board) Investments (component unit - HEC) Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents (primary government) Investments (primary government) Cash and cash equivalents (Exhibit 11)	\$	48,812,429 5,484,959 5,280,768 300,014 6,250,000 14,199,016 425,756 21,808
Cash and cash equivalents (Exhibit 11)	_	21,898
Total reporting entity	\$_	80,774,840

Note 4. Receivables

The following is a summary of the receivables account at June 30, 2005:

	_	I	Prin	nary Governmen	t	Component Units			
	-	Governmental Activities]	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	HEC		
Property taxes receivable	\$	22,841,770	\$	- \$	22,841,770 \$	- \$	-		
Other taxes receivable		1,325,919		-	1,325,919	-	-		
Accounts receivable		3,068		1,548,120	1,551,188	-	4,228,952		
Interest receivable		33,969		7,874	41,843	-	-		
Other receivable		63,473		34,037	97,510	52,763	166,281		
Due from other governments:									
County of Rockingham		361,614		-	361,614	-	-		
Commonwealth of Virginia		2,750,093		-	2,750,093	562,844	-		
Federal Government		199,616		37,682	237,298	530,596	-		
Allowance for uncollectibles	_	(844,849)		(39,393)	(884,242)		-		
Total	\$	26,734,673	\$	1,588,320 \$	28,322,993 \$	1,146,203 \$	4,395,233		

Note 5. Restricted Assets

The City has cash and receivables presented on the statement of net assets as restricted for specific purposes. These amounts and restrictions at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

	Primary Government								
	-	Total							
Cash and cash equivalents:									
Bond construction and land purchase account	\$	10,913,954	\$ 2,983,643 \$	13,897,597					
Bond debt service reserve account		301,419	-	301,419					
Investments:									
Bond debt service reserve account		425,756	-	425,756					
Interest receivable:									
Bond debt service reserve account	_	3,391	-	3,391					
Total	\$	11,644,520	\$ 2,983,643 \$	14,628,163					

Note 6. Loans Receivable

The following is a summary of the loans receivable in the General Fund at June 30, 2005:

Borrowing Entity	Loan Date	Term (in years)	Interest Rate	 Balance June 30, 2005	 Current Portion
Massanutten Regional Library Virginia Technology Incubator, LLC Lucy F. Simms, LP	May 15, 2000 July 6, 2001 January 20, 2004	n/a 5 20	0.0% 7.0% 4.76%	\$ 375,000 5 96,407 1,170,000	\$ 13,175
Total				\$ 1,641,407	\$ 13,175

Note 7. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2005:

Primary Government:

	Balance June 30, 2004		Additions		Reductions	Golf Course Transfer	Balance June 30, 2005
Governmental activities:							
Capital asssets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 36,607,799	\$	521,011	\$	(1,246,670) \$	1,352,719	
Construction in progress	39,059,800		20,024,704		(3,567,281)		55,517,223
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 75,667,599	\$	20,545,715	\$	(4,813,951) \$	1,352,719	\$ 92,752,082
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$ 39,268,557	\$	165,479	\$	(2,134,325) \$	1,144,480	\$ 38,444,191
Improvements other than buildings	1,867,501		38,600		-	4,894,508	6,800,609
Machinery and equipment	11,026,595		767,835		(336,389)	424,391	11,882,432
Infrastructure	113,013,685		476,984			-	113,490,669
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 165,176,338	\$	1,448,898	\$	(2,470,714) \$	6,463,379	\$_170,617,901
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings	\$ (8,859,362)	\$	(994,258)	\$	374,401 \$	(165,565)	\$ (9,644,784)
Improvements other than buildings	(991,590)		(71,063)		-	(526,128)	(1,588,781)
Machinery and equipment	(6,447,375)		(841,781)		336,389	(214,466)	(7,167,233)
Infrastructure	(37,479,146)		(2,889,792)			-	(40,368,938)
Accumulated depreciation	\$ (53,777,473)	\$	(4,796,894)	\$	710,790 \$	(906,159)	\$ (58,769,736)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$ 111,398,865	\$	(3,347,996)	\$	(1,759,924) \$	5,557,220	\$ 111,848,165

The primary government has included in the above schedule land in the amount of \$113,878, construction in progress in the amount of \$3,275,565, buildings in the amount of \$11,704,921 (\$2,904,365 in accumulated depreciation) and machinery and equipment in the amount of \$363,429 (\$42,400 in accumulated depreciation) that are associated with capital lease obligations.

The above total for additions to accumulated depreciation does not agree with the total depreciation by activity shown on the following page by \$24,831. This difference represents accumulated depreciation on capital assets transferred from business-type activities.

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Golf Course Transfer	Balance June 30, 2005
Business-type activities: Capital asssets, not being depreciated:					
Land Construction in progress	\$ 4,892,491 \$ 8,301,737	10,000 \$ 5,913,992	- \$ (1,419,931)	(1,352,719) \$	3,549,772 12,795,798
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 13,194,228 \$	5,923,992 \$	(1,419,931) \$	(1,352,719) \$	16,345,570
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 10,926,187 \$ 13,397,826 39,405,032 54,350,488	155,075 \$ 212,896 3,496,235 469,916	- \$ - - -	(1,144,480) \$ (4,894,508) (1,441,668)	9,936,782 8,716,214 41,459,599 54,820,404
Capital assets, being depreciated	<u>\$ 118,079,533</u> <u>\$</u>	4,334,122 \$	\$	(7,480,656) \$	114,932,999
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ (3,811,777) \$ (4,233,105) (10,413,612) (20,607,540)	(239,352) \$ (428,294) (2,906,871) (1,639,416)	- \$ - -	165,565 \$ 526,128 1,231,743	(3,885,564) (4,135,271) (12,088,740) (22,246,956)
Accumulated depreciation	\$ (39,066,034) \$	(5,213,933) \$	\$	1,923,436 \$	(42,356,531)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$ 79,013,499 \$	(879,811) \$	\$	(5,557,220) \$	72,576,468

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	68,529
Jail and judicial administration		270,758
Public safety		632,499
Public works		3,167,984
Health and welfare		21,865
Education		372,315
Parks, recreation and culture		214,609
Planning and community development		8,259
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged		
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	-	15,245
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$_	4,772,063
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	1,078,706
Sewer		986,809
Public transportation		842,318
Sanitation		2,050,827
Public parking		14,312
Golf course	-	240,961
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$	5,213,933

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Component Unit – School Board:

Component Unit – School Board:	_	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions		Reductions	_	Balance June 30, 2005
Capital asssets, not being depreciated: Land	\$_	754,232 \$	1,050,000	_\$	-	\$_	1,804,232
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$_	754,232 \$	1,050,000	\$	-	\$_	1,804,232
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	32,490,028 \$ 1,828,369	1,486,825 50,800 444,774	\$	(230,733)	\$	33,976,853 50,800 2,042,410
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$	34,318,397 \$	1,982,399	\$	(230,733)	\$_	36,070,063
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	(12,396,923) \$ (1,209,405)	(1,063,019) (155,431)		230,733	\$ _	(13,459,942) (1,134,103)
Accumulated depreciation	\$	(13,606,328) \$	(1,218,450)	\$	230,733	\$_	(14,594,045)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$	20,712,069 \$	763,949	\$	-	\$_	21,476,018

Component Unit – HEC:

component onit fille.	_	Balance June 30, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005
Capital asssets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	1,859,299 \$ 1,516,133	32,500 \$ 2,946,988	- \$ (2,132,098)	1,891,799 2,331,023
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	3,375,432 \$	2,979,488 \$	(2,132,098) \$	4,222,822
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	2,697,095 \$ 6,675,462 74,388,910	26,690 \$ 278,868 2,555,794	- \$ - (273,436)	2,723,785 6,954,330 76,671,268
Capital assets, being depreciated	\$_	83,761,467 \$	2,861,352 \$	(273,436) \$	86,349,383
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	(1,200,750) \$ (6,001,135) (30,689,055)	(71,764) \$ (880,174) (2,695,068)	- \$ - 331,658	(1,272,514) (6,881,309) (33,052,465)
Accumulated depreciation	\$	(37,890,940) \$	(3,647,006) \$	331,658 \$	(41,206,288)
Capital assets, being depreciated (net)	\$	45,870,527 \$	(785,654) \$	58,222 \$	45,143,095

Note 8. Interfund Balances

The General Fund has a due from other funds balance in the amount \$258,160. This amount is comprised of loans to the Community Development Block Grant and Central Stores Funds of \$16,472 and \$136,660, respectively, to eliminate deficit cash and cash equivalent balances in these two funds. This amount in the General Fund also consists of \$105,028 for reimbursable expenditures from the Community Development Block Grant Fund. Also, the School Bond Capital Projects Fund has a due from other funds associated with the construction of a new high school in the amount of \$207,745 for reimbursable expenditures from the General Capital Projects Fund.

Note 9. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are generally used mainly to subsidize the operations and programs of certain funds, except for a \$150,000 transfer from the General Fund to the Golf Course Fund and a \$76,119 transfer from the General Capital Projects Fund to the Water Fund that were for capital purposes. The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2005:

					Transfer	r out			
Transfer in	Gener Fund		General Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Parking Authority Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total
General Fund	\$	- \$	77,439	\$ 157,957 \$	719,400 \$	661,068 \$	45,000 \$	495,706 \$	2,156,570
General Capital Projects Fund	2,626,1	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,626,180
Water Fund	25,8	00	76,119	-	-	-	-	-	101,919
Public Transportation Fund	707,1	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	707,112
Sanitation Fund	1,144,5	96	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,144,596
Parking Authority Fund	2,4	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,424
Golf Course Fund	924,9	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	924,916
Internal Service Funds	101,4	96	-	 	51,972	4,838	-	-	158,306
Total	\$ 5,532,5	24 \$	153,558	\$ 157,957 \$	771,372 \$	665,906 \$	45,000 \$	495,706 \$	7,822,023

Interfund transfers do not balance when compared to the fund financial statements. The Golf Course Fund had an additional transfer out of \$644,803 related to that fund being closed out to the General Fund. This amount was not reported in the General Fund, as the amount did not involve the transfer of financial resources.

Note 10. Deferred Revenue

The following is a summary of deferred revenue at June 30, 2005:

	_	General Fund	General Capital Projects Fund			Parking Authority Fund	
Uncollected property tax billings	\$	502,325	\$	-	\$	-	
Property taxes billed in fiscal year 2006		21,407,157		-		-	
Other local taxes		69,690		-		-	
Interest receivable		24,752		-		-	
Lease rental payment		950,000		-		-	
Intergovernmental		90,605		190,000		-	
Advance collection of parking leases		-		-		46,420	
Golf memberships/sponsorships		40,041		-		-	
Loans receivable	_	1,266,407	-	-	_	-	
Total	\$	24,350,977	\$	190,000	\$_	46,420	

Note 11. Long-Term Debt

Primary Government

Debt Service Requirements for Long-term Debt:

Governmental activities:

Year Ending	General Oblig	ation Bonds	General Ot School F	e		General Reven	e	Notes	Pav	able
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal	 Interest	 Principal		Interest
2006 \$	847,600 \$	780,155 \$	2,540,000 \$	2,642,639	\$	25,000	\$ 359,715	\$ -	\$	10,000
2007	1,119,695	858,241	2,550,000	2,514,606		65,000	357,465	400,000		7,500
2008	1,177,510	815,630	2,570,000	2,386,484		75,000	353,965	-		-
2009	1,221,000	774,121	2,605,000	2,257,415		85,000	349,965	-		-
2010	1,263,924	730,273	2,600,000	2,127,777		95,000	345,441	-		-
2011-2015	7,029,691	2,915,912	11,675,000	8,753,472		660,000	1,636,971	-		-
2016-2020	5,972,903	1,557,957	11,140,000	6,037,229		1,055,000	1,407,766	-		-
2021-2025	2,969,562	741,051	12,285,000	3,067,650		1,585,000	1,036,987	-		-
2026-2030	1,125,615	306,297	5,740,000	296,565		2,765,000	467,044	-		-
2031-2035	800,000	124,000		-	_	-	 -	 -		-
Total \$	23,527,500 \$	9,603,637 \$	53,705,000 \$	30,083,837	\$_	6,410,000	\$ 6,315,319	\$ 400,000	\$	17,500

Year Ending		Capital Leases				State Literary Fund Loans			Total Governmental Activities			
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2006	\$	778,235	\$	455,320	\$	11,825	\$	1,183	\$	4,202,660	\$	4,249,012
2007		738,510		423,238		11,825		591		4,885,030		4,161,641
2008		771,577		389,802		-		-		4,594,087		3,945,881
2009		806,898		354,324		-		-		4,717,898		3,735,825
2010		845,061		317,053		-		-		4,803,985		3,520,544
2011-2015		4,274,075		961,228		-		-		23,638,766		14,267,583
2016-2020		2,361,329		224,099		-		-		20,529,232		9,227,051
2021-2025		-		-		-		-		16,839,562		4,845,688
2026-2030		-		-		-		-		9,630,615		1,069,906
2031-2035	_	-		-		-		-		800,000		124,000
Total	\$	10,575,685	\$	3,125,064	\$	23,650	\$	1,774	\$	94,641,835	\$	49,147,131

Business-type activities:

Year	Gene	ral	General Ob	ligation	Tota	1
Ending	Obligation	Bonds	Revenue l	Bonds	Business-type	Activities
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006	6 1,165,000 \$	1,266,418 \$	180,000 \$	498,279 \$	1,345,000 \$	1,764,697
2007	1,210,000	1,231,805	190,000	490,879	1,400,000	1,722,684
2008	1,250,000	1,192,656	195,000	483,057	1,445,000	1,675,713
2009	1,290,000	1,148,368	205,000	474,807	1,495,000	1,623,175
2010	1,335,000	1,100,459	210,000	466,247	1,545,000	1,566,706
2011-2015	7,495,000	4,655,852	1,205,000	2,179,851	8,700,000	6,835,703
2016-2020	7,230,000	3,005,897	1,505,000	1,874,722	8,735,000	4,880,619
2021-2025	8,595,000	1,116,125	1,905,000	1,460,125	10,500,000	2,576,250
2026-2030	-	-	2,430,000	920,750	2,430,000	920,750
2031-2034		-	2,420,000	249,500	2,420,000	249,500
Total	<u> 29,570,000 </u> \$	14,717,580 \$	10,445,000 \$	9,098,217 \$	40,015,000 \$	23,815,797

Changes in Long-term Debt:

8 8	Balance June 30, 2004		Additions	Reductions	olf Course Transfer	Balance June 30, 2005	5	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	, , ,	-		 	 	,	• •	
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$ 17,032,600	\$	7,250,000	\$ (755,100) \$	\$ -	\$ 23,527,500	\$	847,600
General obligation school bonds	56,230,000		-	(2,525,000)	-	53,705,000		2,540,000
General obligation revenue bonds	-		-	-	6,410,000	6,410,000		25,000
Bond premiums/discounts (net)	190,037		-	(32,229)	(66,708)	91,100		5,508
Deferred bond refunding charges	(666,783)	_	-	 55,373	 	(611,410)		(55,373)
Total bonds payable	\$ 72,785,854	\$	7,250,000	\$ (3,256,956) \$	\$ 6,343,292	\$ 83,122,190	\$	3,362,735
Notes payable	3,297,307		400,000	(3,297,307)	-	400,000		-
Capital leases	5,373,206		5,740,000	(537,521)	-	10,575,685		778,235
State Literary Fund Loans	35,475		-	(11,825)	-	23,650		11,825
Contractual obligation	886,773		-	(600,000)	-	286,773		286,773
Compensated absences	2,108,369	_	1,183,295	 (976,900)	 27,946	2,342,710		1,103,330
Governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 84,486,984	\$	14,573,295	\$ (8,680,509) \$	\$ 6,371,238	\$ 96,751,008	\$	5,542,898

Included in reductions to notes payable is \$2,970,000 representing assumed debt as explained further in Note 29.

Long-term debt for governmental activities is generally liquidated by the General Fund. The Central Garage and Central Stores Fund are consolidated into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included as part of the above totals. At June 30, 2005, \$85,519 of these internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts.

		Balance June 30, 2004		Additions		Reductions	Golf Course Transfer		Balance June 30, 2005		Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:		,	-		• •			-		-	
Bonds payable:											
General obligation bonds	\$	_,,	\$	4,260,000	\$	(4,320,000) \$		\$	29,570,000	\$	1,165,000
General obligation revenue bonds		17,030,000		-		(175,000)	(6,410,000)		10,445,000		180,000
Bond premiums/discounts (net)		(204,845)		72,785		3,885	66,708		(61,467)		1,357
Deferred bond refunding charges	,	-	_	(323,097)		18,569		-	(304,528)	-	(29,710)
Total bonds payable	\$	46,455,155	\$	4,009,688	\$	(4,472,546) \$	(6,343,292)	\$	39,649,005	\$	1,316,647
Notes payable		128,527		-		(128,527)	-		-		-
Landfill closure and postclosure		3,552,453		99,581		(692,922)	-		2,959,112		74,529
Compensated absences		739,500	_	466,054		(436,057)	(27,946)	_	741,551	_	407,595
Business-type activities long-term debt	\$	50,875,635	\$	4,575,323	\$	(5,730,052) \$	(6,371,238)	\$	43,349,668	\$_	1,798,771

Details of Long-term Debt:

The following is the detail of the primary government's long-term debt as of June 30, 2005.

Governmental activities:

General Obligation Bonds:

\$7,330,000 Public Improvement Bonds, Series 1996, issued June 11, 1996, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.40% maturing on July 15, 2005 Bonds bearing interest at 5.50% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$ 330,000 350,000
Subtotal	\$ 680,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

\$1,600,000 Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Resource Authority Pooled Loan Bond Program), issued December 14, 2001, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2006	\$	60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2007		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2008		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2009		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2010		70,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2011		70,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2012		75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2013		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2014		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2015		85,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2016		90,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2017		95,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2018		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2019		105,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2020		110,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2021		115,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.85% maturing on April 1, 2022		120,000
	_	
Subtotal	\$_	1,440,000
 \$6,080,000 Public Safety Bonds, Series 2002A, issued May 22, 2002, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually: Bonds bearing interest at 3.000% maturing on July 15, 2005 Bonds bearing interest at 3.250% maturing on July 15, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 3.750% maturing on July 15, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2008 	\$	320,000 325,000 340,000 350,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2009		365,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2010		380,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.250% maturing on July 15, 2011		395,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2012		410,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2013		430,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.400% maturing on July 15, 2014		450,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2015		470,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.625% maturing on July 15, 2016		490,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2017		510,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2018		535,000
Subtotal	\$	5,770,000
\$5,616,300 Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2003, issued May 16, 2003, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:		

Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$ 82,600
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2006	85,300
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2007	458,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2008		472,100
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2009		485,300
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2010		502,700
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2011		518,400
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2012		532,900
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2013		551,200
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2014		568,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2015		588,600
Bonds bearing interest at 3.17% maturing on July 15, 2016	_	607,400
Subtotal	\$	5,452,500

\$2,935,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003B, issued December 1, 2003, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 2.25% maturing on June 1, 2006	\$	55,000
Bonds bearing interest at 2.50% maturing on June 1, 2007		55,000
Bonds bearing interest at 2.50% maturing on June 1, 2008		55,000
Bonds bearing interest at 2.75% maturing on June 1, 2009		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.00% maturing on June 1, 2010		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.30% maturing on June 1, 2011		60,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.40% maturing on June 1, 2012		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on June 1, 2013		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.75% maturing on June 1, 2014		65,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.875% maturing on June 1, 2015		70,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.00% maturing on June 1, 2016		75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.10% maturing on June 1, 2017		75,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.20% maturing on June 1, 2018		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2019		80,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2020		85,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2021		90,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2022		95,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2023		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2024		105,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 1, 2025		110,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2026		115,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2027		120,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2028		125,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2029		130,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2030		140,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2031		145,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2032		150,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2033		160,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2034		170,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 1, 2035	_	175,000
Subtotal	¢	2 0 2 5 0 0 0

Subtotal

\$ 2,935,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

\$7,250,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, issued June 29, 2005, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2006	\$	244,395
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2007		264,510
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2008		273,900
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2009		283,624
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2010		293,692
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2011		304,119
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2012		314,915
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2013		326,094
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2014		337,671
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2015		349,658
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2016		362,071
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2017		374,924
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2018		388,234
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2019		402,016
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2020		416,288
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2021		431,066
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2022		446,369
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2023		462,215
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2024		478,624
Bonds bearing interest at 3.55% maturing on July 15, 2025	_	495,615
Subtotal	\$	7,250,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	23,527,500

General Obligation School Bonds:

\$10,000,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 1992, issued December 1, 1992, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2005	\$	500,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2006		480,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2007		460,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2008		450,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2009		410,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2010		385,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2011		380,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.85% maturing on December 15, 2012	_	305,000
Subtotal	\$_	3,370,000

General Obligation School Bonds (continued):

\$11,210,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Refunding Series 1994A, issued January 4, 1994, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2005	\$	370,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2006		360,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2007		350,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.35% maturing on December 15, 2008		345,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.40% maturing on December 15, 2009		330,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.40% maturing on December 15, 2010		310,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.40% maturing on December 15, 2011	_	275,000
Subtotal	\$_	2,340,000

\$4,250,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 1994A, issued May 5, 1994, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 6.100% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$	220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.100% maturing on July 15, 2006		215,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.100% maturing on July 15, 2007		220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2008		220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2009		215,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2010		220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2011		220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.225% maturing on July 15, 2012		215,000
Bonds bearing interest at 6.300% maturing on July 15, 2013	_	220,000
Subtotal	\$	1,965,000

\$2,005,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 1999A, issued May 13, 1999, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$	100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2006	*	100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.200% maturing on July 15, 2007		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.225% maturing on July 15, 2008		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2009		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.475% maturing on July 15, 2010		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.600% maturing on July 15, 2011		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.600% maturing on July 15, 2012		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.725% maturing on July 15, 2013		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.725% maturing on July 15, 2014		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2015		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2016		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2017		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2018		100,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2019		100,000
	Φ.	1 500 000
Subtotal	\$_	1,500,000

General Obligation School Bonds (continued):

\$5,100,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2000A, issued May 13, 2000, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$	255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2006		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2007		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2008		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2009		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2010		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.225% maturing on July 15, 2011		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2012		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2013		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2014		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2015		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2016		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2017		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2018		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2019		255,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.600% maturing on July 15, 2020	_	255,000
Subtotal	\$	4,080,000

\$41,500,000 Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, Series 2001C, issued November 15, 2001, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$	1,095,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2006		1,140,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2007		1,185,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2008		1,235,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2009		1,290,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2010		1,345,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.100% maturing on July 15, 2011		1,400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2012		1,465,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2013		1,540,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.600% maturing on July 15, 2014		1,620,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2015		1,695,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2016		1,780,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2017		1,870,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.850% maturing on July 15, 2018		1,960,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.975% maturing on July 15, 2019		2,060,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2020		2,165,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2021		2,280,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2022		2,400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2023		2,525,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2024		2,660,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2025		2,795,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.100% maturing on July 15, 2026	_	2,945,000
Subtotal	\$	40,450,000
Total General Obligation School Bonds	\$	53,705,000

General Obligation Revenue Bonds:

\$6,410,000 Public Recreational Facility Bonds, Series 2000, issued June 29, 2000, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 5.40% maturing on December 1, 2005 Bonds bearing interest at 5.55% maturing on December 1, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 5.55% maturing on December 1, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 5.65% maturing on December 1, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 5.65% maturing on December 1, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 5.65% maturing on December 1, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 5.75% maturing on December 1, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 5.80% maturing on December 1, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 5.80% maturing on December 1, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 5.80% maturing on December 1, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 5.80% maturing on December 1, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 5.90% maturing on December 1, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on December 1, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 6.20% maturing on December 1, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 6.20% maturing on December 1, 2017 Bonds bearing interest at 6.10% maturing on December 1, 2018 Bonds bearing interest at 6.10% maturing on December 1, 2019 Bonds bearing interest at 6.10% maturing on December 1, 2021 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2024 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2026 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2027 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2027 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% maturing on December 1, 2028 Bonds bearing interest at 6.25% m	 \$ 25,000 65,000 75,000 85,000 95,000 105,000 120,000 130,000 145,000 145,000 145,000 145,000 230,000 250,000 250,000 270,000 290,000 315,000 340,000 370,000 400,000 430,000 465,000 500,000 970,000 \$ 6,410,000 \$ 6,410,000
\$400,000 Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Note, dated	
January 20, 2005, with interest payable quarterly: Note bearing interest at 2.5% maturing on January 20, 2007	\$ 400,000
	<u>·</u>
Subtotal	\$ 400,000
Total Notes Payable	\$ 400,000

Capital Leases:

\$2,665,000 Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Bonds, issued August 24, 1995, with principal and interest payable semi-annually. \$1,066,000, which is 40 percent of the \$2,665,000, is the City's share of this debt based upon a lease agreement between the City, Rockingham County and the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority:

Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2005 and February 26, 2006	\$ 48,686
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2006 and February 26, 2007	51,510
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2007 and February 26, 2008	55,077
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2008 and February 26, 2009	58,398
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2009 and February 26, 2010	62,061
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2010 and February 26, 2011	65,946
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2011 and February 26, 2012	70,073
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2012 and February 26, 2013	74,354
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2013 and February 26, 2014	79,142
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2014 and February 26, 2015	84,060
Lease bearing interest at 6.08% maturing August 24, 2015 and February 26, 2016	 89,329

\$

738,636

Subtotal

\$12,305,000 Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Bonds, issued May 1, 1998, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually. \$6,152,500, which is 50 percent of the \$12,305,000, is the City's share of this debt based upon a lease agreement between the City, Rockingham County and the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority:

Lease bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 20, 2006 Lease bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 20, 2007	\$	367,500 385,000
Lease bearing interest at 4.75% maturing on June 20, 2007 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2008		402,500
Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2009		422,500
Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2010 Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2011		445,000 467,500
Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2012		490,000
Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2013		515,000
Lease bearing interest at 5.00% maturing on June 20, 2014	_	540,000
Subtotal	\$_	4,035,000

272,572, lease purchase, effective February 24, 2003, maturing monthly with interest payable monthly on the 24^{th} of each month:

Lease bearing interest at 2.08% maturing July 24, 2005 to June 24, 2006	\$ 62,049
Subtotal	\$ 62,049

Capital Leases (continued):

\$5,740,000, lease purchase, effective December 17, 2004, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

	Total Governmental Activities	\$_	94,641,835
	Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$_	23,650
	Subtotal	\$	23,650
	% maturing on August 15, 2005 % maturing on August 15, 2006	\$	11,825 11,825
 Literary Fund Loans: \$236,428 State Literary Fur ing annually with interest page 	nd Loan of 1986, issued August 15, 1986, matur- ayable annually:		
	Total Capital Leases	\$_	10,575,685
	Subtotal	\$_	5,740,000
Lease bearing interest at 3.76 Lease bearing interest at 3.76	5% maturing on December 1, 2009 5% maturing on December 1, 2010 5% maturing on December 1, 2011 5% maturing on December 1, 2012 5% maturing on December 1, 2013 5% maturing on December 1, 2014 5% maturing on December 1, 2015 5% maturing on December 1, 2016 5% maturing on December 1, 2017 5% maturing on December 1, 2018 5% maturing on December 1, 2018	_	$\begin{array}{r} 338,000\\ 350,000\\ 364,000\\ 377,000\\ 391,000\\ 406,000\\ 421,000\\ 437,000\\ 454,000\\ 471,000\\ 489,000\\ \end{array}$
Lease bearing interest at 3.76 Lease bearing interest at 3.76	5% maturing on December 1, 2005 5% maturing on December 1, 2006 5% maturing on December 1, 2007 5% maturing on December 1, 2008	\$	300,000 302,000 314,000 326,000

Business-type activities:

State

General Obligation Bonds:

\$25,310,000 Steam Plant Bonds, Series 2002A, issued May 22, 2002, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 3.000% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$ 840,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.250% maturing on July 15, 2006	865,000
Bonds bearing interest at 3.750% maturing on July 15, 2007	895,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2008	925,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2009	965,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2010	1,000,000

General Obligation Bonds (continued):

Bonds bearing interest at 4.250% maturing on July 15, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 4.375% maturing on July 15, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 4.400% maturing on July 15, 2014 Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2015 Bonds bearing interest at 4.625% maturing on July 15, 2016 Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2017 Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2017 Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2018 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2019 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2020 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2021 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2022 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2023 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2023 Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2023	1,045,000 1,085,000 1,135,000 1,135,000 1,235,000 1,290,000 1,350,000 1,415,000 1,485,000 1,635,000 1,715,000 1,800,000 1,890,000
Subtotal	\$ 25,310,000
\$4,260,000 Solid Waste Disposal System Refunding Bonds (Virginia Resources Authority), Series 2004, issued October 17, 2004, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:	
Bonds bearing interest at 2.375% maturing on October 1, 2005 Bonds bearing interest at 2.375% maturing on October 1, 2006 Bonds bearing interest at 2.375% maturing on October 1, 2007 Bonds bearing interest at 2.625% maturing on October 1, 2008 Bonds bearing interest at 2.875% maturing on October 1, 2009 Bonds bearing interest at 3.125% maturing on October 1, 2010 Bonds bearing interest at 3.375% maturing on October 1, 2011 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2012 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2014 Bonds bearing interest at 3.625% maturing on October 1, 2013	\$ 325,000 345,000 355,000 365,000 370,000 385,000 395,000 410,000 420,000 435,000 455,000
Subtotal	\$ 4,260,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 29,570,000

General Obligation Revenue Bonds:

\$10,620,000 Water Bonds, Series 2002B, issued May 22, 2002, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually:

Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2005	\$ 180,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.000% maturing on July 15, 2006	190,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.125% maturing on July 15, 2007	195,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.125% maturing on July 15, 2008	205,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.125% maturing on July 15, 2009	210,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2010	220,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2011	230,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2012	240,000

General Obligation Revenue Bonds (continued):

Der 1. 1	250,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.300% maturing on July 15, 2013 Bonds bearing interest at 4.400% maturing on July 15, 2014	250,000 265,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.500% maturing on July 15, 2015	275,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.625% maturing on July 15, 2016	285,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.700% maturing on July 15, 2017	300,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.750% maturing on July 15, 2018	315,000
Bonds bearing interest at 4.875% maturing on July 15, 2019	330,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2020	345,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2021	360,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2022	380,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2023	400,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2024	420,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2025	440,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2026	460,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2027	485,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2028	510,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2029	535,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2030	560,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2031	590,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2032	620,000
Bonds bearing interest at 5.000% maturing on July 15, 2033	650,000
Subtotal	\$10,445,000
Total General Obligation Revenue Bonds	\$ 10,445,000
Landfill Closure and Postclosure:	
Estimated cost of landfill closure and postclosure:	
City Landfill	\$ 1,448,657
County Landfill - Assumed by the City	1,510,455
Total Landfill Closure and Postclosure	\$ 2,959,112
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 42,974,112
Total Primary Government Long-term Debt (Excluding the contractual	
obligation, compensated absences and unamortized premiums/discounts)	\$ 137,615,947

Additional information pertaining to the Primary Government's long-term debt:

In June 2004, the City and James Madison University (JMU) entered into a revised and amended agreement concerning the sale and purchase of steam and chilled water at the City owned resource recovery facility. This facility produces steam and chilled water to meet all the heating and cooling needs of JMU's College of Integrated Science and Technology, as well as, other buildings. To the extent that the City continues to operate this facility, JMU has agreed to annually reimburse the City for the annual debt service payments on the City's \$4,260,000 Solid Waste Disposal System Refunding Bonds. The current year reimbursement for principal and interest on this bond totaled \$449,946. The outstanding balance of the City's bond issue at June 30, 2005 was \$4,260,000.

In December 2001, the City entered into a contractual agreement with AIG Baker Development, LLC (AIG Baker) in which the City agreed to reimburse AIG Baker for costs that it incurred for certain street improvements while developing a retail shopping center. Under the terms of the agreement, the City agreed to reimburse AIG Baker the lower of \$600,000 per year or the tax revenues generated per year by the shopping center, but the total would not exceed actual costs incurred. The reimbursements were to occur within three years from the time AIG Baker completed the shopping center. The shopping center was completed as of June 30, 2003. Accordingly, the City agreed to reimburse AIG Baker a total of \$1,486,773, of which \$286,773 remains outstanding. The remaining reimbursement will be paid in June 2006.

Component Unit – School Board

At June 30, 2005, the School Board had \$611,522 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$611,522 in compensated absences, of which \$264,789 is due within one year.

Component Unit – HEC

At June 30, 2005, HEC had \$943,068 in long-term liabilities outstanding. This long-term liability is comprised of \$279,233 in compensated absences, of which the entire amount is due within one year and \$663,835 in postretirement health care benefits, of which the entire amount is due in more than one year.

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission has a \$1 million unsecured line of credit with SunTrust Bank at a rate equal to LIBOR plus 100 basis points. There were no borrowings against this line of credit at June 30, 2005.

Note 12. 1996 Public Improvement Bonds Partially Refunded and Defeased

In May 2003, the City partially defeased its Public Improvement Bonds (Series 1996). Bonds maturing after July 15, 2006 were defeased by placing the proceeds of the City's Public Improvement Refunding Bonds (Series 2003) in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. On June 30, 2005, \$4,805,000 of these old outstanding bonds are defeased.

Note 13. 1995 Solid Waste Disposal System Bonds Refunded and Defeased

In October 2004, the City issued \$4,260,000 in Solid Waste Disposal System Refunding Bonds with an average interest rate of 3.49 percent to advance refund \$4,055,000 of outstanding 1995 Solid Waste Disposal System Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.80 percent. The net proceeds of \$4,279,836 (after payment of \$894 in issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$323,097. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from long-term debt, is being amortized through fiscal year 2016 using the straight-line method. The City completed the advanced refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$394,797 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) of \$334,168.

Note 14. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds and Redevelopment and Housing Authority Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial, public and private facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by property financed and are payable from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2005, there were two series of Industrial Revenue Bonds and 21 series of Redevelopment and Housing Authority Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount of \$1 million and \$211 million respectively.

Note 15. Fund Balance

The amounts that are reported on the fund financial balance sheet identified as reserved fund balance and designated fund balance are comprised of the following:

	_	General Fund	(General Capital Projects Fund	School Bond Capital Projects Fund
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances	\$	1,015,530	\$	543,601	\$ -
Loans receivable		375,000		-	-
Capital projects		4,275,714		5,216,154	892,244
Debt service		730,566		-	-
E-911		110,131		-	-
Drug forfeiture		90,360		-	-
Fire department grants		139,873		-	-
Police department grants		12,456	_	-	-
Total reserved fund balance	\$	6,749,630	\$	5,759,755	\$ 892,244
Designated for:					
Subsequent years' expenditures	\$	1,625,698	\$	6,538,433	\$ -
Port Republic Road project		52,922		-	-
Parks and recreation department		132,066		-	-
Denton park	_	16,480	_	-	-
Total designated fund balance	\$	1,827,166	\$	6,538,433	\$ -

Note 16. Judicial Complex Lease Agreement

In May 1998, the City and the County of Rockingham (the County) entered into a restated and amended lease agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (the Authority). Pursuant to the terms of this lease, the Authority sold a bond issue for \$12,305,000 entitled "Public Facility Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Rockingham County and City of Harrisonburg Project) Series of 1998." The proceeds of this bond issue were used to purchase U. S. government securities, which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1991 Series Lease Revenue Bonds.

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from certain rent payments to be made by the County and the City, pursuant to the lease agreement, and from certain funds established for the project under the

Note 16. Judicial Complex Lease Agreement (continued)

trust agreement. The obligations of the County and the City to make rent payments will be subject to annual appropriation by each of the Board of Supervisors of the County and the City Council of the City, neither of which shall be under any legal obligation to make such appropriation. Neither the bonds nor the lease agreement constitutes a debt of the County or the City for a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the County or the City. However, this is a capital lease and is shown as long-term debt of the City.

Note 17. Social Services and Health Department Lease Agreement

In August 1995, the City and the County of Rockingham (the County) entered into a lease agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (the Authority). Pursuant to the terms of this lease, the Authority sold a bond issue for \$2,665,000 entitled "Public Facility Lease Revenue Bond (Rockingham County and City of Harrisonburg Project)." The proceeds of this bond issue were used to renovate and equip a building to house the City's and County's combined Social Services and Health Departments. This building is on land owned by the Authority and located within the City limits.

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from certain rent payments to be made by the County and City, pursuant to the lease agreement. The obligations of the County and the City to make rent payments will be subject to annual appropriation by each of the Board of Supervisors of the County and the City Council of the City, neither of which shall be under any obligation to make such appropriation. Neither the bonds nor the lease agreement constitutes a debt of the County or the City for a pledge of the faith and credit or taxing power of the County or the City. However, this is a capital lease and has been shown as other long-term debt of the City.

Note 18. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System). All fulltime, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 50 with 30 years of credited service (age 50 and 25 years of credited service for participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters) or at age 65 with five years of credited service (age 60 and five years of credited service for participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters). Employees who retire with an unreduced benefit are entitled to an annual retirement benefit payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7 percent of their average final compensation (AFC) for each year of credited service. AFC is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of salary. An optional reduced retirement benefit is available to members of VRS as early as age 50 with at least 10 years of credited service or age 55 with five years of credited service (age 50 for participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters). Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living adjustment limited to five percent per year beginning in their second year of retirement. Participating local law enforcement officers and firefighters may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/2004AnnuRept.pdf or obtained by writing to the VRS at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual reported compensation to the VRS. This 5% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the City, the City of Harrisonburg School Board (School Board) and the Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC), are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by statue and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The City and

Note 18. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

HEC's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2005 was 10.25% of annual covered payroll. The School Board non-professional employees' contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2005 was 0.75% of annual covered payroll. Total contributions made to the VRS statewide teacher pool for professional employees by the School Board for the years ending June 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$1,314,375, \$777,273, and \$747,432, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Annual Pension Cost. For 2005, the City of Harrisonburg and HEC's annual pension cost of \$2,001,569 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The School Board non-professional employees' annual pension cost of \$8,752 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 4.25% to 6.10% per year, (c) 3% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3%. The actuarial value of the City's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period.

Fiscal Year]	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed		Net Pension Obligation
City of Harris					
2005	\$	2,001,569	100%	\$	-
2004		1,117,117	100%		-
2003		1,035,499	100%		-
School Board	Non-P	rofessional Emp	loyees:		
2005	\$	8,752	100%		-
2004		5,493	100%		-
2003		5,284	100%		-

Trend Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
City of Harrison	burg and HEC E	mployees:				
June 30, 2004	\$ 53,519,519	\$ 62,496,891	\$ 8,977,372	85.64% \$	18,584,069	48.31%
June 30, 2003	52,085,791	57,237,259	5,151,468	91.00%	15,747,673	32.71%
June 30, 2002	51,069,882	53,283,723	2,213,841	95.85%	16,225,758	13.64%
School Board No	on-Professional E	mployees:				
June 30, 2004	\$ 3,564,405	\$ 3,109,100	\$ (455,305)	114.64% \$	1,109,692	(41.03%)
June 30, 2003	3,500,295	2,791,788	(708,507)	125.38%	979,233	(72.35%)
June 30, 2002	3,459,677	2,608,123	(851,554)	132.65%	1,029,955	(82.68%)

Note 19. Postretirement Health Care Benefits

Primary Government

The City provides certain health care benefits for retirees who are at least 50 years of age and have at least 15 years of consecutive retirement eligible service with the City. The employee must also meet VRS retirement or disability requirements and must not be eligible for Medicare. The City contributes on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. There were 24 retired employees participating during the year, and the City made a total contribution of \$80,034 for retirees.

Component Unit – School Board

The School Board provides certain health care benefits for retirees who are at least 50 years of age and have at least 10 years of cumulative service (a minimum of five years with the School Board immediately preceding retirement). The employee must also meet VRS retirement or disability requirements and must not be eligible for Medicare. The School Board contributes on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. There were 58 retired employees participating during the year, and the School Board made a total contribution of \$183,101 for retirees.

Component Unit – HEC

The Harrisonburg Electric Commission (HEC) provides certain health care benefits for retirees who are at least 50 years of age and have at least 15 years of consecutive retirement eligible service with HEC. The employee must also meet VRS retirement or disability requirements and must not be eligible for Medicare. HEC adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 106, *Employers' Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The statement requires the cost of employee postretirement benefits to be accrued over the employee's service period. The estimated employee postretirement benefit payable as of June 30, 2005 was \$663,835.

Note 20. James Madison University Lease Agreement

In June 2005, the City entered into a lease agreement with James Madison University (JMU) whereby the City has agreed to lease the former Harrisonburg High School property to JMU. Pursuant to the agreement, the City will lease the property to JMU for a five-year period beginning on July 1, 2005. Also, JMU will pay the City \$7.5 million over a five-year period with payments of \$1 million each of the first four years and a final payment of \$3.5 million in the fifth year. JMU shall have the right to purchase the property during the term of the lease agreement at a purchase price not to exceed \$18 million with any prior lease payments being applied as payment toward the purchase price. In conjunction with this lease, the Harrisonburg School Board declared the old high school surplus property in May 2005 and conveyed the property to the City on July 1, 2005.

Note 21. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the City is required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the City's closed landfill site for 30 years after the date of closure. The City closed its landfill in 1994. \$1,448,657 of the amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2005 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the capacity of the landfill. Included in the total liability is an additional \$364,000 for groundwater remediation. Although, actual costs may range from \$200,000 to \$1,000,000 for the groundwater remediation plan, management believes that the costs associated with the remediation may ultimately be \$364,000. The City plans to fund its landfill closure and postclosure care costs with available funds from the Sanitation Fund.

Note 22. Rockingham County Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

Beginning July 1, 1994, the City entered into an agreement with Rockingham County (County) to use its landfill. The City recognizes that it has an obligation to fund a portion of the County's closure and postclosure care costs. \$366,732 of the amount reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2005 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 100% of the capacity of the County's old landfill cell. This amount is based upon the estimated closure and postclosure care costs incurred since July 1, 1994, which is calculated by using the population ratio of the City and County, plus \$20,641 in liability incurred by the City prior to July 1, 1994. The County closed this cell in 2000.

The City also recognizes \$1,143,723 associated with a new, and subsequently expanded, landfill cell opened in 2001, which is based on the use of 66.9% of the estimated capacity of the new landfill cell. The City will recognize its remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$567,067 as the remaining capacity of this new cell is used. The County expects to begin closing the new cell in 2007. Actual costs may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The City plans to fund these landfill closure and postclosure care costs with available funds from the Sanitation Fund.

Note 23. Transactions with Component Units

For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City's General Fund made cash payments to the School Board, a component unit, totaling \$19,193,377. These payments are made monthly for the purpose of funding the School Board's operating budget.

For the year ended June 30, 2005, the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, a component unit, made cash payments to the City's General Fund totaling \$4,100,000. These payments are made monthly for the purpose of funding the General Fund budget.

Note 24. Golf Course Operations to be Reported in the General Fund

Beginning July 1, 2005, the operations of the golf course will no longer be reported as an enterprise fund. As a result, all financial assets, liabilities and net assets of the Golf Course Fund were transferred to the General Fund at June 30, 2005. The close out of the Golf Course Fund resulted in a transfer to the General Fund of \$495,706 that represented the Golf Course Fund's financial net assets. This transaction also resulted in an additional transfer of \$644,803 in nonfinancial net assets to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 25. Joint Venture

The City, Rockingham County, and the towns of Bridgewater, Dayton and Mt. Crawford have entered into a contract with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority), whereby the Authority agrees to operate a sewage disposal system for the participating municipalities. The municipalities have an ongoing financial responsibility based on an agreement to make annual contributions to the Authority for operations and maintenance based on their respective usage of the system. The municipalities also agree to make annual contributions to the Authority for debt service, except for Mt. Crawford, which made an upfront payment for its share. The Authority has \$17,083,150 of total debt outstanding that includes refunding and project debt. The payments on the refunding portion of the debt are computed in the same ratio as volume of waste treated, and the payments on the project debt are at a fixed percentage. The City's variable rate is approximately 64.79 percent and the fixed rate is 73.884 percent. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest in the Authority since it does not have access to the Authority's resources or surpluses, nor is it liable for the Authority's debts or deficits. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority, P.O. Box 8, 856 North River Road, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

Note 25. Joint Venture (continued)

Assuming that the ratio of volume of waste treated between the participating municipalities does not change significantly, the City's share of the required principal and interest payments for the Authority's bond issues, which are made by the City's Sewer Fund, can be projected as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>.</u>	Principal	Interest		_	Total
2006	\$	571,692	\$	585,000	\$	1,156,692
2007		590,447		568,150		1,158,597
2008		625,912		550,989		1,176,901
2009		548,207		526,594		1,074,801
2010		569,990		501,568		1,071,558
2011-2015		3,285,610		2,070,418		5,356,028
2016-2020		4,185,976		1,158,477		5,344,453
2021-2022	-	1,982,257		151,889	_	2,134,146
Total	\$	12,360,091	\$	6,113,085	\$_	18,473,176

The following information is a condensed statement of net assets as of the end of the two most recent fiscal years for the Authority.

-	June 30, 2005	-	June 30, 2004	_	Increase (Decrease)
Current assets Restricted assets Capital assets Other assets	\$ 2,215,137 2,385,267 22,398,914 545,360	\$	2,348,843 3,044,942 23,013,597 523,492	\$	(133,706) (659,675) (614,683) 21,868
Total assets	\$ 27,544,678	\$	28,930,874	\$_	(1,386,196)
Current liabilities Liabilities payable from restricted assets Long-term liabilities	\$ 440,671 951,700 15,032,796	\$	342,626 920,927 15,751,544	\$	98,045 30,773 (718,748)
Total liabilities	\$ 16,425,167	\$	17,015,097	\$_	(589,930)
Net assets	\$ 11,119,511	\$	11,915,777	\$	(796,266)

Note 26. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District) was created by the City and the County of Rockingham (County) to provide social services for the residents of the City and County. Both the City and County appoint one member each to the governing board. The District is a separate legal entity and is a discretely presented component unit of the County. The City contributed \$1,774,175 to the District for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Note 27. Related Organization

The City created the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) to provide low-income housing to the residents of the City. The Authority is a separate legal entity and is governed by five commissioners who are appointed solely by the City Council. The City does not have an ongoing financial interest or responsibility to the Authority.

Note 28. Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority Agreements

One Court Square. In December 2004, the City entered into a support agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) whereby the Authority purchased and is renovating an office building in the downtown area. The project, referred to as One Court Square, will serve as an incubator to attract telecommunication and other technology firms by providing leaseable office space to qualifying businesses. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority incurred \$2 million in debt to finance the project with annual debt service payments totaling \$253,623 and the final debt payment maturing in December 2014.

The City has agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to pay all operating expenses for the project, including debt service, to the extent that revenues from the leases are insufficient to pay these expenses. It is anticipated that renovations will be completed and tenants will begin occupying the building in January 2007. In fiscal year 2005, the City made payments totaling \$126,811 to the Authority for this project.

Harrisonburg Children's Museum. In April 2005, the City entered into a support agreement with the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) whereby the Authority will purchase and renovate a building in the downtown area. Upon completion of the renovations, the Authority will lease the building to the Harrisonburg Children's Museum, Inc., a non-profit corporation, that will use the building as its permanent location. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority incurred \$750,000 in debt to finance the project with annual debt service payments totaling \$67,668 and the final debt payment maturing in April 2020. The Authority will make its first debt service payment in October 2005.

The City has agreed to a non-binding moral obligation pledge to pay all operating expenses for the project, including debt service, to the extent that the revenue from the lease is insufficient to pay these expenses. It is anticipated that renovations will be completed and the Harrisonburg Children's Museum will begin occupying the building in January 2007.

Note 29. Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center

In January 2005, the City entered into an agreement to sell the historic portion of the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center (Center) to Lucy F. Simms, LP (Partnership). This arrangement allows for the use of certain tax credits to assist in financing the renovations of the historic portion of the Center. Pursuant to the agreement, the Partnership issued to the City a \$1.17 million deferred principal and interest note maturing in November 2024 at an interest rate of 4.76%. Also, the Partnership assumed an outstanding \$2.97 million general obligation note payable that the City had previously issued in December 2003. The City has the option to purchase back the historic portion of the building after the close of the five-year compliance period for the tax credit.

Note 30. Commitments

Primary Government

The City has a contract outstanding for engineering services regarding connecting Erickson Avenue and Stone Spring Road. The contract totals \$2,529,080 and \$2,366,000 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2005. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through transfers from the General Fund.

The City has a contract outstanding for the construction of a new high school. The contract totals \$37,750,894 and \$37,720,297 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2005. This contract is a commitment of the School Bond Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through the proceeds of a bond issue.

Note 30. Commitments (continued)

The City has a joint contract outstanding with the County of Rockingham for the implementation and construction of a radio communications system. The City's share of the contract totals \$9,358,756 and \$3,275,565 had been expended on the contract as of June 30, 2005. This contract is a commitment of the General Capital Projects Fund and is being financed through the proceeds of a capital lease obligation.

The City has certain debt instruments subject to arbitrage rebate calculations. The City is of the opinion that no amounts will be required to be rebated.

Note 31. Subsequent Events

In July 2004, the City purchased two tracts of land totaling approximately 50.4 acres on Port Republic Road for \$4.2 million. The purchase was made from the General Fund and was financed through the proceeds of a bond issue that the City completed in June 2004.

Subsequent to June 30, 2005, the City entered into a \$1.5 million contract for the construction of a new 5.3 million gallon water tank at the City's water treatment plant. The contract is a commitment of the Water Fund and is being financed through the proceeds of a bond issue.

Note 32. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Virginia Municipal League Group Self Insurance Association (VML) for vehicles, property, inland marine, EDP, flood, general liability, workman's compensation, boiler and machinery. Each VML member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The City makes contributions and assessments into a designated cash reserve fund. This reserve fund is used to pay claims and awards, as well as, expenses incurred by VML. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess reserves, VML may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. However, since the inception of this insurance association, no additional assessments have been required. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Also, the City insures its transit buses through the Virginia Transit Liability Pool.

The City is self-insured for health insurance purposes and has retained Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to administer the program. The City currently reports these activities in the Health Insurance Fund, which is an internal service fund. This fund serves the City, primary government; Harrisonburg School Board and Harrisonburg Electric Commission, component units; the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Community Services Board; Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority; Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority; and the Massanutten Regional Library. This fund accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned entities but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the City. Significant claims, over \$75,000, are covered by commercial insurance.

The City records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims, related claim adjustment expenses and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience. The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund from July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2005:

 Fiscal Year	 Beginning Liability	_	Claims and Changes in Estimates	_	Claim Payments	 Ending Liability
2005 2004	\$ 830,570 844,747	\$	6,888,402 6,531,320	\$	6,862,093 6,545,497	\$ 856,879 830,570

Note 33. James Madison University Steam Agreement

In September 1981, the City entered into an agreement with James Madison University (JMU) whereby the City paid JMU \$2.5 million over a five year period in consideration for conveying a suitable site for the construction of the City's steam plant and entering into a twenty year agreement with the City for the purpose of purchasing steam produced by the steam plant. In June 2004, a new twenty-five year agreement with JMU replaced an amended and updated April 1995 agreement. This agreement is shown on the financial statements as other assets of the Sanitation Fund and is being amortized over a twenty-five year period that began July 1, 1996.

Note 34. Contingent Liabilities

All major federal programs and certain other programs in which the City participates were tested, by our auditors, for compliance with applicable grant requirements pursuant to the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments and Nonprofit Organizations*. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

In January 2005, the Harrisonburg Redevelopment and Housing Authority (Authority) issued a \$2.7 million taxable note maturing in January 2008 at an interest rate of 2.5% to assist in financing the renovations of the historic portion of the Lucy F. Simms Continuing Education Center. The City has guaranteed the repayment of this note. The Authority anticipates receiving contributions totaling \$2.3 million from the Boys & Girls Club of Harrisonburg and Rockingham County (Boys & Girls Club), the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Association for Retarded Children, Inc. (ARC) and Lucy F. Simms, LP (Partnership) to assist in the repayment of the note. The City has also guaranteed these contributions to the Authority. The Boys & Girls Club, ARC and the Partnership are currently conducting fund raising campaigns to raise the needed contributions. It is the City's opinion that the Boys & Girls Club, ARC and the Partnership will be able to meet its contribution requirements without the City's assistance.

Note 35. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards

In March 2003, the GASB issued Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*. This statement addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2005 and have been implemented by the City.

In November 2003, the GASB issued Statement No. 42, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries*. This Statement establishes accounting, disclosure and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets. This Statement also clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2006 and will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In April 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting and disclosure standards for "other postemployment benefit plan" sponsors. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2008 and will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In May 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section – an amendment of NCGA Statement 1*. This Statement amends previous guidance on the presentation of certain statistical information and addresses the usefulness and comparability of the statistical section within the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). This Statement also addresses the new information reported from the implementation of GASB No. 34. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2006 and will have an impact on the statistical section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report.

Note 35. New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Standards (continued)

In June 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement establishes new standards for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) by state and local government employers, i.e. postretirement healthcare benefits. This Statement addresses the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expenditures/expenses and related liabilities, assets, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2009 and will have an effect on the City's government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, although management has not been able to determine the impact at this time.

In December 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 46, *Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 34*. This Statement clarifies and establishes new disclosure requirements for net assets that are restricted by parties external to a government. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2006 and will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

In June 2005, the GASB issued Statement No. 47, *Accounting for Termination Benefits*. This Statement establishes new standards and disclosure requirements for voluntary and involuntary termination benefits. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal year 2006 and will not have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

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Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Emergency Communications Center Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the emergency communications center (ECC). The ECC is a joint operation between the City and the County of Rockingham. Financing is provided by E911 emergency telephone tax collections, transfers from the General Fund, funding from the Commonwealth of Virginia and by the County of Rockingham.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - This fund accounts for the administration of the community development block grant. Financing is provided by grants from the Federal Government.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Emergency Communications Center Fund	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Assets							
Receivables \$	\$	5 199,615	\$ 199,615				
Total assets \$	\$	5 199,615	\$ 199,615				
Liabilities							
Accounts payable \$	- 5	5 75,202	\$ 75,202				
Accrued payroll	-	2,913	2,913				
Due to other funds		121,500	121,500				
Total liabilities \$		5 199,615	\$ 199,615				

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Exhi NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Special Reve	nue Funds		
	Co	Community Development Block Grant Fund	- -	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	496,977	\$	496,977
Total revenues	\$	- \$	496,977	\$	496,977
Expenditures:					
Current:	¢	Φ	220.020	¢	220.020
Planning and community development	\$	- \$	339,020		339,020
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	339,020	\$	339,020
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	- \$	157,957	\$	157,957
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	\$	- \$	(157,957)	\$	(157,957)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	(157,957)	\$	(157,957)
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
Fund balances at beginning of year		<u> </u>		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	\$		\$	

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

							Variance with Final Budget
	 Budgete	ed An	nounts	_			Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:							
Other local taxes	\$ 212,318	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Recovered costs	468,594		212,516		-		(212,516)
Intergovernmental	 62,143		62,143		-		(62,143)
Total revenues	\$ 743,055	\$	274,659	\$	-	\$	(274,659)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	\$ 1,045,659		274,659		-	\$	274,659
Total expenditures	\$ 1,045,659	\$	274,659	\$	-	\$	274,659
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	\$ (302,604)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	\$ 302,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 302,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	-
Fund balance at beginning of year							
Fund balance at end of year				\$	-	I	

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgete	d An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	u Al	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:		Original		Гша	-	Actual	-	(negative)
	¢	(10.000	¢	(10.000	¢	406 077	ሰ	(151.022)
Intergovernmental	\$	648,000	\$	648,000	\$	496,977		(151,023)
Total revenues	\$	648,000	\$	648,000	\$	496,977	\$_	(151,023)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Planning and community development	\$	431,620	\$	431,620	\$	339,020	\$	92,600
Total expenditures	\$	431,620	\$	431,620	\$		\$	92,600
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	216,380	\$	216,380	\$	157,957	\$_	(58,423)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out	\$	(216,380)	\$	(216,380)	\$	(157,957)	\$	58,423
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(216,380)		(216,380)		(157,957)	-	58,423
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$_	
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance at end of year					\$			

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Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Central Garage Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central garage. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for services rendered and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

Central Stores Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the City's central stores. Financing is provided by charges to other departments and agencies for the sale of materials and supplies and transfers from other funds for overhead costs.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund accounts for the health insurance premium collections and claims payments related to the operation of the City's self-insured health insurance program. Financing is provided by premiums paid by departments, employees and organizations which participate in the insurance plan.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2005

		Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund		Health Insurance Fund	Total
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,716 \$	-	\$	3,634,692	\$ 3,696,408
Receivables		3,087	-		847	3,934
Due from component unit		3,560	-		-	3,560
Inventory		473,513	1,137,844		-	1,611,357
Total current assets	\$	541,876 \$	1,137,844	\$	3,635,539	\$ 5,315,259
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	\$	61,446 \$	3,451		-	\$ 64,897
Total noncurrent assets	\$	61,446 \$	3,451	\$	-	\$ 64,897
Total assets	\$	603,322 \$	1,141,295	\$	3,635,539	\$ 5,380,156
Liabilities and Net Assets						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	48,431 \$	567	\$	856,879	\$ 905,877
Accrued payroll		16,055	1,195		-	17,250
Due to other funds		-	136,660		-	136,660
Due to component unit		-	294		-	294
Compensated absences	_	42,679	2,316		-	 44,995
Total current liabilities	\$	107,165 \$	141,032	\$	856,879	\$ 1,105,076
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	\$	37,994 \$	2,530		-	\$ 40,524
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	37,994 \$	2,530	_ \$ _	-	\$ 40,524
Total liabilities	\$	145,159 \$	143,562	_ \$ _	856,879	\$ 1,145,600
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets	\$	61,446 \$	3,451	\$	-	\$ 64,897
Unrestricted	_	396,717	994,282		2,778,660	 4,169,659
Total net assets	\$	458,163 \$	997,733	\$	2,778,660	\$ 4,234,556
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	603,322 \$	1,141,295	\$	3,635,539	\$ 5,380,156

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund		Health Insurance Fund	Total
Operating revenues:				_		
Charges for services	\$	2,002,663	\$ 940,693	\$	8,748,813	\$ 11,692,169
Total operating revenues	\$	2,002,663	\$ 940,693	\$	8,748,813	\$ 11,692,169
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	\$	433,712	\$ 31,995	\$	-	\$ 465,707
Fringe benefits		139,630	7,320		-	146,950
Purchased services		19,693	3,254		410,878	433,825
Internal services		1,533	1,445		-	2,978
Other charges		6,735	14,546		513,146	534,427
Materials and supplies		39,493	612		-	40,105
Depreciation		12,656	2,589		-	15,245
Cost of inventory issued		1,414,250	936,861		-	2,351,111
Claims related charges		-	-		6,888,402	6,888,402
Total operating expenses	\$	2,067,702	\$ 998,622	\$	7,812,426	\$ 10,878,750
Operating income (loss)	\$	(65,039)	\$ (57,929)	\$	936,387	\$ 813,419
Nonoperating revenues:						
Investment revenue	\$	1,633	\$ -	\$	72,553	\$ 74,186
Total nonoperating revenues	\$	1,633	\$ -	\$	72,553	\$ 74,186
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(63,406)	\$ (57,929)	\$	1,008,940	\$ 887,605
Transfers in	_	97,872	 60,434		-	 158,306
Change in net assets	\$	34,466	\$ 2,505	\$	1,008,940	\$ 1,045,911
Net assets at beginning of year	_	423,697	 995,228	_	1,769,720	 3,188,645
Net assets at end of year	\$	458,163	\$ 997,733	\$_	2,778,660	\$ 4,234,556

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund	Health Insurance Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	_				-	
Receipts from customers	\$	2,003,271 \$	940,693 \$	-	\$	2,943,964
Receipts from premiums		-	-	8,748,813		8,748,813
Payments to employees		(419,289)	(31,221)	-		(450,510)
Payments for fringe benefits		(135,261)	(7,261)	-		(142,522)
Payments to vendors		(1,541,695)	(1,107,009)	(924,023)		(3,572,727)
Payments for internal services		(1,533)	(1,445)	-		(2,978)
Payments for claims related charges	_			(6,862,094)		(6,862,094)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(94,507) \$	(206,243) \$	962,696	\$	661,946
Cash flows from noncapital						
financing activities:						
Transfers in	\$	97,872 \$	60,434 \$	-	\$	158,306
Interfund loan	_		136,660	-		136,660
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	\$	97,872 \$	197,094 \$	-	\$	294,966
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received	\$	1,620 \$	- \$	71,842	\$	73,462
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	1,620 \$	\$	71,842	\$	73,462
Net increase (decrease) in cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	4,985 \$	(9,149) \$	1,034,538	\$	1,030,374
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Beginning	_	56,731	9,149	2,600,154		2,666,034
Ending	\$_	61,716 \$	- \$	3,634,692	\$	3,696,408

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Central Garage Fund	Central Stores Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used	for opera	ating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(65,039) \$	(57,929) \$	936,387 \$	813,419
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation		12,656	2,589	-	15,245
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable		(636)	-	-	(636)
Due from component unit		1,244	-	-	1,244
Inventory		(60,186)	(151,930)	-	(212,116)
Prepaid expenses		3,286	-	-	3,286
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		(1,338)	137	26,309	25,108
Accrued payroll		3,491	174	-	3,665
Due to component unit		-	57	-	57
Compensated absences		12,015	659		12,674
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(94,507) \$	(206,243) \$	962,696 \$	661,946

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Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by a government as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Juvenile Crime Control Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the City of Harrisonburg (City) for the 26th Judicial District Court Service Unit as a participant in the Virginia Juvenile Community Crime Control Act. The City acts as the fiscal agent for both the City and the County of Rockingham.

Industrial Development Authority Fund - This fund accounts for assets held by the City for the Harrisonburg Industrial Development Authority.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES At June 30, 2005

	Juvenile Crime Control Fund		Industrial Development Authority Fund			
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents \$	11,669	\$ 10,229	\$	21,898		
Interest receivable	4	3		7		
Total assets \$	11,673	\$ 10,232	= * =	21,905		
Liabilities						
Accounts payable \$	1,348	\$ -	\$	1,348		
Accrued payroll	1,696	-		1,696		
Amounts held for others	8,629	10,232		18,861		
Total liabilities \$	11,673	\$ 10,232	\$	21,905		

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Juvenile Crime Control Fund Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,296 \$	125,920 \$	127,547 \$	11,669
Interest receivable		1	4	1	4
Prepaid expenses	_	214		214	-
Total assets	\$_	13,511 \$	125,924 \$	127,762 \$	11,673
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	652 \$	1,348 \$	652 \$	1,348
Accrued payroll		1,595	1,696	1,595	1,696
Amounts held for others	_	11,264	129,150	131,785	8,629
Total liabilities	\$	13,511 \$	132,194 \$	134,032 \$	11,673
Industrial Development Authority Fund					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,013 \$	216 \$	- \$	10,229
Interest receivable	_	1	3	1	3
Total assets	\$_	10,014 \$	219 \$	<u> </u>	10,232
Liabilities:					
Amounts held for others	\$	10,014 \$	218 \$	\$	10,232
Total liabilities	\$_	10,014 \$	218 \$	\$	10,232
Total - All Agency Funds Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,309 \$	126,136 \$	127,547 \$	21,898
Interest receivable	•	2	7	2	7
Prepaid expenses	_	214	-	214	-
Total assets	\$_	23,525 \$	126,143 \$	127,763 \$	21,905
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	652 \$	1,348 \$	652 \$	1,348
Accrued payroll		1,595	1,696	1,595	1,696
Amounts held for others	_	21,278	129,368	131,785	18,861
Total liabilities	\$	23,525 \$	132,412 \$	134,032 \$	21,905

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Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

School Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's elementary, middle and high schools.

School Cafeteria Fund - This fund accounts for the operations of the School Board's centralized cafeterias.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

School Capital Projects Fund - This fund accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities of the schools not financed through the issuance of debt.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET At June 30, 2005

	_	School Fund		School Cafeteria Fund		School Capital Projects Fund		Totals
Assets	¢.		.		<u>_</u>		÷	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,861,560	\$	490,451	\$	132,948	\$	5,484,959
Investments		-		300,014		-		300,014
Receivables		1,146,203		-		-		1,146,203
Due from other funds		-		17,607		-		17,607
Inventory		-		36,726		-		36,726
Prepaid expenditures	_	210,075		-		-	_	210,075
Total assets	\$_	6,217,838	\$	844,798	\$	132,948	\$	7,195,584
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	25,595	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,595
Accrued payroll		3,496,697		-		-		3,496,697
Due to other funds		17,607		-		-		17,607
Due to component unit	_	65,796		-	. <u>-</u>	-	_	65,796
Total liabilities	\$	3,605,695	\$	-	\$		\$	3,605,695
Fund Balances:								
Reserved	\$	210,075	\$	-	\$	-	\$	210,075
Unreserved:								
Designated		-		-		132,948		132,948
Undesignated	_	2,402,068		844,798	. <u>-</u>	-	_	3,246,866
Total fund balances	\$	2,612,143	\$	844,798	\$	132,948	\$	3,589,889
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,217,838	\$	844,798	\$	132,948	\$_	7,195,584

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Exhibit D-2 **DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET** TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS At June 30, 2005 Total fund balance of governmental funds (Exhibit C-1) \$ 3,589,889 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. 23,280,250 Long-term liabilities, and related accounts, are not payable from current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. (611,522)

\$

26,258,617

Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		School Fund	School Cafeteria Fund	School Capital Projects Fund		Totals
Revenues:	-				-	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	14,539	\$ 11,466	\$ -	\$	26,005
Charges for services		358,392	510,208	-		868,600
Miscellaneous		36,900	-	-		36,900
Recovered costs		40,603	8,090	-		48,693
Payment from primary government		19,193,377	-	-		19,193,377
Intergovernmental		19,918,119	986,365	-		20,904,484
Total revenues	\$	39,561,930	\$ 1,516,129	\$ -	\$	41,078,059
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Education	\$	39,208,742	\$ 1,369,554	\$ -	\$	40,578,296
Capital projects		-	-	100		100
Total expenditures	\$	39,208,742	\$ 1,369,554	\$ 100	\$	40,578,396
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$	353,188	\$ 146,575	\$ (100)	\$_	499,663
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	\$	-	\$ 39,810	\$ -	\$	39,810
Transfers out		(39,810)	-	-		(39,810)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(39,810)	\$ 39,810	\$ -	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	313,378	\$ 186,385	\$ (100)	\$	499,663
Fund balances at beginning of year	-	2,298,765	 658,413	 133,048	_	3,090,226
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,612,143	\$ 844,798	\$ 132,948	\$_	3,589,889

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA Exhibit D-4 DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Total net change in fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)	\$	499,663						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:								
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditures in the current period.								
Capital outlay expenditures\$ 495,574Depreciation expense(900,705)								
Net adjustment \$ (405,131)		(405,131)						
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount is the net change in these expenses.		(34,433)						
The transfer of capital assets between the primary government and the School Board (component unit) effects only the statement of activities. These transfers do not have an effect on current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	_	2,219,080						
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	2,279,179						

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:			_		_		-	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	9,822	\$	9,822	\$	14,539	\$	4,717
Charges for services		521,234		535,014		358,392		(176,622)
Miscellaneous		-		36,900		36,900		-
Recovered costs		30,106		31,106		40,603		9,497
Payment from primary government		20,167,629		19,193,377		19,193,377		-
Intergovernmental		18,548,107		20,019,692		19,918,119		(101,573)
Total revenues	\$	39,276,898	\$	39,825,911	\$	39,561,930	\$	(263,981)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education	\$	39,241,818	\$	40,044,168	\$	39,208,742	\$	835,426
Total expenditures	\$	39,241,818	\$	40,044,168	\$	39,208,742	\$	835,426
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	35,080	\$	(218,257)	\$	353,188	\$	571,445
Other financing (uses):								
Transfers out	\$	(35,080)	\$	(41,276)	\$	(39,810)	\$	1,466
Total other financing (uses)	\$	(35,080)	\$	(41,276)	\$	(39,810)	\$	1,466
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	\$	(259,533)	\$	313,378	\$_	572,911
Fund balance at beginning of year						2,298,765		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	2,612,143		

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL CAFETERIA FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	_	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,466	\$	11,466
Charges for services	Ψ	621,204	Ψ	591,600	Ψ	510,208	Ψ	(81,392)
Recovered costs						8,090		8,090
Intergovernmental		742,184		925,368		986,365		60,997
Total revenues	\$	1,363,388	\$	1,516,968	\$	1,516,129	\$	(839)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Education	\$	1,398,468	\$	1,558,244	\$	1,369,554	\$	188,690
Total expenditures	\$	1,398,468	\$	1,558,244	\$	1,369,554	\$	188,690
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	(35,080)	\$	(41,276)	\$	146,575	\$	187,851
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in	\$	35,080	\$	41,276	\$	39,810	\$	(1,466)
Total other financing sources	\$	35,080	\$	41,276	\$	39,810	\$	(1,466)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	186,385	\$	186,385
Fund balance at beginning of year						658,413	-	
Fund balance at end of year					\$	844,798	=	

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Other Supplementary Schedules

Schedule of Revenues – Budget to Acutal - This schedules provides additional detail final budget and actual revenue information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Acutal - This schedules provides additional detail final budget and actual expenditure information for the City's governmental funds and discretely presented component unit – School Board.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:	 0	 	-	
General Fund:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 12,248,250	\$ 12,159,177	\$	(89,073)
Real and personal public service				
corporation property taxes	344,354	314,038		(30,316)
Personal property taxes	4,135,520	3,663,731		(471,789)
Mobile home taxes	7,584	9,397		1,813
Machinery and tools taxes	1,700,000	1,730,900		30,900
Penalties and interest	205,000	206,217		1,217
Total general property taxes	\$ 18,640,708	\$ 18,083,460	\$	(557,248)
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 9,400,000	\$ 10,739,589	\$	1,339,589
Consumer utility taxes	2,016,000	1,849,330		(166,670)
Business license taxes	5,020,278	5,274,648		254,370
Franchise license taxes	266,000	285,736		19,736
Motor vehicle license taxes	500,000	504,105		4,105
Bank stock taxes	357,430	389,143		31,713
Taxes on recordation and wills	260,000	521,520		261,520
Tobacco taxes	1,300,000	967,983		(332,017)
Admission and amusement taxes	170,000	164,417		(5,583)
Hotel and motel room taxes	1,140,000	1,262,314		122,314
Restaurant food taxes	6,400,000	6,711,580		311,580
Emergency telephone service taxes	401,471	431,884		30,413
Public rights-of-way use fee	136,800	138,735		1,935
Total other local taxes	\$ 27,367,979	\$ 29,240,984	\$	1,873,005
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	\$ 10,000	\$ 6,484	\$	(3,516)
Permits and other licenses	298,520	397,137		98,617
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$ 308,520	\$ 403,621	\$	95,101
Fines and forfeitures:				
Circuit court fines	\$ 402,000	\$ 504,791	\$	102,791
Drug forfeiture	-	99,238		99,238
Total fines and forfeitures	\$ 402,000	\$ 604,029	\$	202,029
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 265,000	\$ 477,830	\$	212,830
Revenue from use of property	26,000	132,260		106,260
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 291,000	\$ 610,090	\$	319,090

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)	 0	·		-	
General Fund: (continued)					
Charges for services:					
Courthouse maintenance fees	\$ 5,000	\$	2,740	\$	(2,260)
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	1,500		11,688		10,188
Charges for parks and recreation	245,700		278,415		32,715
Total charges for services	\$ 252,200	\$	292,843	\$	40,643
Miscellaneous:					
Payment from Harrisonburg Electric Commission	\$ 4,100,000	\$	4,100,000	\$	-
Payments in lieu of taxes:					
Electric plant and equipment	305,600		305,600		-
Public housing	8,000		9,994		1,994
Others	11,500		10,649		(851)
Sale of land	-		158,316		158,316
Sale of used equipment	32,500		74,641		42,141
Sale of materials and supplies	1,500		3,142		1,642
Donations - JMU & EMU	105,000		102,000		(3,000)
Donations	18,060		49,400		31,340
Total miscellaneous	\$ 4,582,160	\$	4,813,742	\$	231,582
Recovered costs:					
Recoveries and rebates	\$ 254,100	\$	163,050	\$	(91,050)
EOC payments from Rockingham County	552,294		473,074		(79,220)
Court appointed attorney	20,000		26,534		6,534
Insurance recoveries	 10,000		2,473		(7,527)
Total recovered costs	\$ 836,394	\$	665,131	\$	(171,263)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Non-categorical aid:					
ABC profits	\$ 41,000	\$	23,715	\$	(17,285)
Wine taxes	44,000		24,858		(19,142)
Railroad rolling stock taxes	10,800		11,484		684
Mobile home titling taxes	4,000		3,941		(59)
Tax on deeds (grantor tax)	107,000		102,924		(4,076)
Personal property tax reimbursement	1,255,000		1,405,711		150,711
State aid to localities, police	1,035,900		1,284,688		248,788
Auto rental taxes	135,000		160,718		25,718
Animal friendly license plate	 838		838		-
Total non-categorical aid	\$ 2,633,538	\$	3,018,877	\$	385,339

Schedule 1 Page 2

(continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)		Duuget		Actual		(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Intergovernmental: (continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commissioner of the revenue	\$	128,000	\$	133,909	\$	5,909
Treasurer	Φ	128,000	φ	117,704	Φ	1,704
Medical examiner fees		350		690		340
Registrar		30,200		49,339		19,139
Total shared expenses	\$	274,550	\$	301,642	\$	27,092
i otar snared expenses	Ф	274,550	<u>ъ</u>	301,042	ъ_	27,092
Other categorical aid:						
Hazardous material grant	\$	12,500	\$	12,000	\$	(500)
Office of emergency services grant		11,597		11,597		-
Fire programs fund		122,524		79,667		(42,857)
Two-for-life		13,333		13,333		-
Bicycle helmet grant		489		489		-
Litter control grant		6,300		6,226		(74)
Street and highway maintenance		2,954,843		3,053,309		98,466
Total other categorical aid	\$	3,121,586	\$	3,176,621	\$	55,035
Total categorical aid	\$	3,396,136	\$	3,478,263	\$	82,127
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	6,029,674	\$	6,497,140	\$	467,466
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
Local law enforcement block grant	\$	11,135	\$	11,135	\$	-
Special awards grant		9,212		9,212		-
Police DMV grant		29,836		29,836		-
FEMA assistance to firefighters grant		94,943		94,943		-
Homeland security grants		238,683		238,683		-
HRT regional team grant		-		42,857		42,857
Weed and seed funds		10,092		10,092		-
VDG urban forestry grant		5,000		-		(5,000)
Voting machines		25,500		-		(25,500)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	424,401	\$	436,758	\$	12,357
Total intergovernmental	\$	6,454,075	\$	6,933,898	\$	479,823
Total General Fund	\$	59,135,036	\$	61,647,798	\$	2,512,762

Schedule 1 Page 4

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)						(= (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (-
Special Revenue Funds:						
Emergency Communications Center Fund:						
Recovered costs:						
EOC payments from Rockingham County	\$	212,516	\$	-	\$	(212,516)
Total recovered costs	\$	212,516	\$	-	\$	(212,516)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Dispatchers	\$	62,143	\$	-	\$	(62,143)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	62,143	\$		\$	(62,143)
Total intergovernmental	\$	62,143	\$	-	\$	(62,143)
Total Emergency Communications Center Fund	\$	274,659	\$		\$	(274,659)
Community Development Block Grant Fund: Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Non-categorical aid: Community Development Block Grant	\$	648,000	\$	496,977	\$	(151,023)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	648,000	\$	496,977	\$	(151,023)
Total intergovernmental	\$	648,000	\$	496,977	\$	(151,023)
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$	648,000	\$	496,977	\$	(151,023)
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	922,659	\$	496,977	\$_	(425,682)
Capital Projects Funds: General Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money and property.	\$	51,744	\$	77,193	\$	25,449
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	51,744	\$	77,193	\$	25,449
Miscellaneous:						
Donations	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Total miscellaneous	<u>*</u>	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	
	-		·	- 7 4	<i>.</i> —	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Funds: (continued)		Duuget		Actual		(Negative)
General Capital Projects Fund: (continued)						
Recovered costs:						
Reimbursement for radio system from Rockingham County	\$	33,205	\$	60,197	\$	26,992
Reimbursement for EOC from Rockingham County		1,036,139		1,137,625	•	101,486
Total recovered costs	\$	1,069,344	\$	1,197,822	\$	128,478
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
ISTEA grant	\$	172,486	\$	329,286	\$	156,800
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	172,486	\$	329,286	\$	156,800
Total intergovernmental	\$	172,486	\$	329,286	\$	156,800
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	1,343,574	\$	1,654,301	\$	310,727
School Bond Capital Projects Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money	\$	103,799	\$	98,591	\$	(5,208)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	103,799	\$	98,591	\$	(5,208)
Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund	\$	103,799	\$	98,591	\$	(5,208)
Total Capital Projects Funds	\$	1,447,373	\$	1,752,892	\$_	305,519
Grand Total Revenues - Primary Government	\$	61,505,068	\$	63,897,667	\$_	2,392,599
Component Unit - School Board: School Fund:						
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	9,822	\$	14,539	\$	4,717
Charges for services	ψ	535,014	ψ	358,392	Ψ	(176,622)
Miscellaneous		36,900		36,900		(170,022)
Recovered costs		31,106		40,603		9,497
Payment from primary government		19,193,377		19,193,377		-
Total revenue from local sources	\$	19,806,219	\$	19,643,811	\$	(162,408)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Share of state sales tax	\$	3,282,965	\$	3,304,354	\$	21,389
Basic school aid		8,127,104		8,207,789		80,685
State standard of quality funds		1,855,479		1,830,006		(25,473)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (continued)		Buuget	_	Tietuur	-	(reguire)
School Fund: (continued)						
Intergovernmental: (continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)						
Categorical aid: (continued)						
Fringe benefits		758,995		788,464		29,469
Lottery funds		465,548		509,064		43,516
At risk		295,734		294,815		(919)
Primary class size		335,021		325,946		(9,075)
Technology initiative		206,000		206,000		-
English as second language		615,051		591,433		(23,618)
School construction		143,943		144,228		285
Other state funds		366,293		414,964		48,671
Total categorical aid	\$	16,452,133	\$	16,617,063	\$	164,930
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	16,452,133	\$	16,617,063	\$	164,930
Revenue from the Federal Government:						
Categorical aid:						
Title I	\$	809,751	\$	747,296	\$	(62,455)
Special education		901,914		840,331		(61,583)
Education technology		899,147		850,876		(48,271)
Reading first grant		337,999		338,588		589
Title III		160,000		85,262		(74,738)
ESEA - Title II Part A		206,806		193,175		(13,631)
Vocational education		81,906		81,915		9
JROTC funds		43,908		46,964		3,056
Other federal funds		126,128		116,649		(9,479)
Total categorical aid	\$	3,567,559	\$	3,301,056	\$	(266,503)
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$	3,567,559	\$	3,301,056	\$	(266,503)
Total intergovernmental	\$	20,019,692	\$	19,918,119	\$	(101,573)
Total School Fund	\$	39,825,911	\$	39,561,930	\$_	(263,981)
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	11,466	\$	11,466
Charges for services		591,600		510,208		(81,392)
Recovered costs		-		8,090		8,090
Total revenue from local sources	\$	591,600	\$	529,764	\$	(61,836)
	·	, -		,	· ·	. , -)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Sources	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Component Unit - School Board: (continued)			_	
School Cafeteria Fund: (continued)				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program	\$ 24,346	\$ 24,877	\$	531
Total categorical aid	\$ 24,346	\$ 24,877	\$	531
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 24,346	\$ 24,877	\$	531
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program	\$ 901,022	\$ 870,923	\$	(30,099)
USDA donated food	-	90,565		90,565
Total categorical aid	\$ 901,022	\$ 961,488	\$	60,466
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 901,022	\$ 961,488	\$	60,466
Total intergovernmental	\$ 925,368	\$ 986,365	\$	60,997
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,516,968	\$ 1,516,129	\$	(839)
Grand Total Revenues				
Component Unit - School Board	\$ 41,342,879	\$ 41,078,059	\$	(264,820)

Schedule 1 Page 7

Schedule 2 Page 1

Fund, Function, Activity and ElementsBudgetActual(NPrimary Government:General Fund:Image: Comparison of the state of the	(1,769) (1,769) (1,769) 1,591 10,024 243
General government administration: Legislative: City Council \$198,438 \$200,207 \$	(1,769) 1,591 10,024
Legislative: \$ 198,438 \$ 200,207 \$	(1,769) 1,591 10,024
City Council \$ 198,438 \$ 200,207 \$	(1,769) 1,591 10,024
	(1,769) 1,591 10,024
Total legislative \$ 200,207 \$	1,591 10,024
	10,024
General and financial administration:	10,024
City manager \$ 331,037 \$ 329,446 \$	
City attorney 92,055 82,031	243
Human resources 166,521 166,278	
Independent auditor 8,200 7,950	250
Commissioner of the revenue 355,012 356,790	(1,778)
Assessors 185,273 171,212	14,061
Equalization 4,500 4,185	315
Treasurer 451,923 454,949	(3,026)
Finance 335,170 330,627	4,543
Retirement board 12,918 -	12,918
Information technology 323,718 317,749	5,969
Purchasing agent 118,888 113,438	5,450
Dues to municipal league 18,245 18,245	-
Reserve for contingencies	-
Total general and financial administration\$ 2,403,460\$ 2,352,900\$\$2,352,900	50,560
Board of elections:	
Registrar \$ 169,057 \$ 136,111 \$	32,946
Total board of elections \$ 169,057 \$ 136,111 \$	32,946
Total general government administration \$ 2,770,955 \$ 2,689,218 \$	81,737
Jail and judicial administration:	
Joint expenditures with Rockingham County \$ 1,958,000 \$ 1,929,277 \$	28,723
Total jail and judicial administration\$ 1,958,000\$ 1,929,277\$	28,723
Public safety:	
Law enforcement and traffic control:	
Administration \$ 344,712 \$ 327,076 \$	17,636
Operations 3,407,518 3,416,341	(8,823)
Criminal investigations 720,801 688,813	31,988
Support services 1,800,988 1,749,775	51,213
Gang task force 38,630 34,812	3,818
Total law enforcement and traffic control\$ 6,312,649\$ 6,216,817	95,832

Schedule 2 Page 2

Fund Fundamente Autorite and Flammete		Final		A . 4		Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued)		Budget		Actual	-	(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Public safety: (continued)						
Fire and rescue services:						
Emergency operations center	\$	134,659	\$	116,699	\$	17,960
Administration	Ψ	311,882	Ψ	309,488	Ψ	2,394
Suppression		4,002,911		3,904,928		97,983
Prevention		234,349		234,956		(607)
Training		154,698		155,886		(1,188)
E-911 system		921,507		933,755		(12,248)
Public safety building		231,793		236,642		(4,849)
Total fire and rescue services	\$	5,991,799	\$	5,892,354	\$	99,445
Total file and rescue services	φ	5,771,777	φ	5,672,554	Ψ_	JJ, 1 J
Correction and detention:						
City operated institutions	\$	86,000	\$	77,877	\$	8,123
Total correction and detention	\$	86,000	\$	77,877	\$	8,123
Inspections:						
Building	\$	512,036	\$	490,044	\$	21,992
Total inspections	\$	512,036	\$	490,044	\$	21,992
Other protection:						
Animal control	\$	102,994	\$	98,530	\$	4,464
Coroner		900		1,050		(150)
Emergency services		443,362		426,051		17,311
Total other protection	\$	547,256	\$	525,631	\$	21,625
Total public safety	\$	13,449,740	\$	13,202,723	\$	247,017
Public works:						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:						
General engineering	\$	797,502	\$	727,786	\$	69,716
Highway and street maintenance		3,499,179		2,994,133		505,046
Street lights		455,800		451,699		4,101
Snow and ice removal		188,946		176,206		12,740
Traffic engineering		1,045,753		962,490		83,263
Highway and street beautification		299,173		270,181		28,992
Total maintenance of highways,		· · · ·		· · · ·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	6,286,353	\$	5,582,495	\$	703,858
Sanitation and waste removal:						
Street and road cleaning	\$	271,042	\$	270,581	\$	461
Insect and rodent control	*	10,220	~	9,979	*	241
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	281,262	\$	280,560	\$	702
	Ψ	_01,202	Ŷ	_00,000	¥ —	, 02

Schedule 2 Page 3

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	 Final Budget	 Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)				
General Fund: (continued)				
Public works: (continued)				
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:				
General properties	\$ 4,524,855	\$ 233,706	\$_	4,291,149
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$ 4,524,855	\$ 233,706	\$_	4,291,149
Total public works	\$ 11,092,470	\$ 6,096,761	\$	4,995,709
Health and welfare:				
Health:				
Local health department	\$ 306,871	\$ 300,729	\$	6,142
Total health	\$ 306,871	\$ 300,729	\$	6,142
Mental health and mental retardation:				
Community services board	\$ 206,470	\$ 206,470	\$	-
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$ 206,470	\$ 206,470	\$	-
Welfare/social services:				
Tax relief for the elderly	\$ 21,000	\$ 15,481	\$	5,519
Social services - Joint expenditures with Rockingham County	1,774,180	1,774,175		5
Total welfare/social services	\$ 1,795,180	\$ 1,789,656	\$	5,524
Total health and welfare	\$ 2,308,521	\$ 2,296,855	\$	11,666
Education:				
Payment to School Board	\$ 19,193,377	\$ 19,193,377	\$	-
Total education	\$ 19,193,377	\$ 19,193,377	\$	
Parks, recreation and culture: Parks and recreation:				
Administration	\$ 875,025	\$ 743,859	\$	131,166
Parks	835,799	624,531		211,268
Recreation centers and playgrounds	590,262	455,028		135,234
National guard armory	83,721	82,224		1,497
Simms recreation center	38,657	38,472		185
Westover pool	480,839	321,642		159,197
Athletics	433,924	379,611		54,313
Blacks run greenway	51,755	41,008		10,747
Total parks and recreation	\$ 3,389,982	\$ 2,686,375	\$	703,607
Total parks, recreation and culture	\$ 3,389,982	\$ 2,686,375	\$	703,607

Fund Function Activity and Flomanta		Final Pudgot		Astual		Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued)		Budget		Actual	_	(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Planning and community development:						
Planning:						
Planning	\$	202,258	\$	148,353	\$	53,905
Zoning administrator	ψ	148,751	Ψ	145,100	Ψ	3,651
Zoning and board of zoning appeals		4,892		3,938		954
Economic development		1,085,775		1,017,523		68,252
Downtown renaissance		56,400		54,176		2,224
Total planning	\$	1,498,076	\$	1,369,090	\$	128,986
Total plaining	ф	1,498,070	ۍ ب	1,309,090	ф —	128,980
Community development:						
Convention and Visitors Bureau	\$	188,500	\$	188,500	\$	-
Chamber of Commerce (American Legion Parade)		3,000		3,000		-
Massanutten Regional Library		336,590		336,590		-
Salvation Army		10,000		10,000		-
Rescue Squad - Gas and oil		20,000		20,000		-
Upper Valley Regional Park Authority		15,000		15,000		-
Regional Juvenile Detention Home		308,031		308,031		-
Shenandoah Valley Soil and Water Conservation		3,850		3,850		-
Blue Ridge Community College		5,000		5,000		-
Blue Ridge Community College - Site improvement		24,000		24,000		-
First Night		5,000		5,000		-
Woodbine Cemetery		1,500		1,500		-
Boys and Girls Club		95,000		95,000		-
Central Shenandoah Valley Planning District		13,285		13,285		-
Valley Program for Aging		25,000		25,000		-
Blue Ridge Legal Services		5,277		5,277		-
Shenandoah Valley Airport		67,923		67,923		-
Community Mediation Center		2,000		2,000		-
Cats Cradle		419		419		-
Harrisonburg Little League Association		6,000		6,000		-
First Step, Inc.		21,000		21,000		-
Free Clinic		8,500		8,500		-
Downtown Renaissance		43,600		46,165		(2,565)
Arts Council of the Valley		45,000		45,000		-
Rockingham County Fair Association		50,000		50,000		-
Other non-departmental		574		574		-
Total community development	\$	1,304,049	\$	1,306,614	\$	(2,565)
Total planning and community development	\$	2,802,125	\$	2,675,704	\$_	126,421

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Final				Variance Positive
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government: (continued)		Budget		Actual	-	(Negative)
General Fund: (continued)						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$	4,156,753	\$	4,156,753	\$	-
Interest and fiscal charges	ψ	3,867,400	Ψ	3,863,973	Ψ	3,427
interest and instal enarges		5,007,100		3,003,775	_	3,127
Total debt service	\$	8,024,153	\$	8,020,726	\$	3,427
Total General Fund	\$	64,989,323	\$	58,791,016	\$	6,198,307
Special Revenue Funds:						
Emergency Communications Center Fund:						
Public safety:						
Other protection:						
Emergency operations center	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
E-911 system		274,659		-		274,659
Total other protection	\$	274,659	\$	-	\$	274,659
Total public safety	\$	274,659	\$	-	\$	274,659
Total Emergency Communications Center Fund	\$	274,659	\$		\$	274,659
Community Development Block Grant Fund:						
Planning and community development:						
Community development:						
Community development block grant	\$	431,620	\$	339,020	\$	92,600
Total community development	\$	431,620	\$	339,020	\$	92,600
Total planning and community development	\$	431,620	\$	339,020	\$	92,600
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$	431,620	\$	339,020	\$	92,600
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	706,279	\$	339,020	\$	367,259
Capital Projects Funds:					_	
General Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	28,893,601	\$	13,078,617	\$	15,814,984
- ··· F ··· F · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*		~ <u> </u>	,0,017	* -	,,
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	28,893,601	\$	13,078,617	\$	15,814,984
	—					

Schedule 2 Page 5

Schedule 2 Page 6

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (continued)					_	
Capital Projects Funds: (continued)						
School Bond Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	11,941,329	\$	8,016,098	\$	3,925,231
Total School Bond Capital Projects Fund	\$	11,941,329	\$	8,016,098	\$_	3,925,231
Total Capital Projects Funds	\$_	40,834,930	\$	21,094,715	\$	19,740,215
Grand Total Expenditures - Primary Government	\$	106,530,532	\$	80,224,751	\$	26,305,781
Component Unit - School Board:						
School Fund:						
Education:						
Instruction	\$	30,780,111	\$	30,301,421	\$	478,690
Administration, attendance and health		1,992,484		1,925,088		67,396
Pupil transportation		1,368,298		1,280,449		87,849
Operations and maintenance		3,641,352		3,450,422		190,930
Technology		2,259,923		2,251,362		8,561
Facilities	_	2,000		-		2,000
Total education	\$	40,044,168	\$	39,208,742	\$	835,426
Total School Fund	\$_	40,044,168	\$	39,208,742	\$	835,426
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Education:	¢	1 550 0 4 4	¢	1 2 (2 554		100 (00
Food services	\$	1,558,244	\$	1,369,554	\$	188,690
Total education	\$	1,558,244	\$	1,369,554	\$	188,690
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,558,244	\$	1,369,554	\$	188,690
School Capital Projects Fund:						
Capital projects	\$	133,332	\$	100	\$	133,232
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	133,332	\$	100	\$	133,232
Grand Total Expenditures						
Component Unit - School Board	\$	41,735,744	\$	40,578,396	\$	1,157,348

PART III

STATISTICAL SECTION

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CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	Ē	er	Privilege Fees	Fees														
cal and Regulatory kes Licenses	Local and Regulat Taxes Licenses	and Regulat Licenses	ses	tory	Fi Fo	Fines and Forfeitures	Use and	Use of Money and Property	C	Charges For Services	N	Miscellaneous (2)	ł	Recovered Costs	Interg me	Intergovern- mental		Total
0 984 \$ 403 621	29 240 984 \$ \$ \$ \$	t 403 621	621		¥	604.029	¥	636.095	¥	1 161 443	¥	4 850 647	¥	713 874	\$ 28.3	78 335 350	v ₽	84 079 457
))	333,288	,288		÷	563,954)	406,741)	1,157,319	}	4,493,751)	830,734	, <u>-</u> 23,9	23,975,910) }	77,637,450
		390,820	,820			400,247		730,243		1,154,833		4,183,895		1,485,046	22,7	22,736,419		71,955,795
5,646 244,187		244,187	.187			362,860		941,113		1,113,432		3,980,165		578,436	20,1	20,145,382	Ŭ	66,897,536
		198,890	,890			292,835		1,461,539		1,082,785		3,680,850		910,704	19,2	19,209,017	C	65,176,809
9,212 275,030	(1	275,030	,030			304,837		1,286,939		956,890		3,397,117		488,463	17,9	17,917,082	C	62,180,004
01	01	319,401	,401			344,481		1,073,729		851,021		3,490,417		436,233	15,2	15,298,510	47	57,049,458
	17,310,465 286,926	286,926	,926			286,086		918,944		883,623		2,757,767		479,784	13,5	13,531,037	47	51,826,602
		301,671	,671			261,947		842,803		814,853		3,254,053		388,216	13,6	3,666,099	47	50,487,811
5,524,202 232,330		232.330	.330			231,551		584,224		724,092		3,056,134		787,010	12,4	12,476,933	7	47,697,205

Notes:

(1) - Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the primary government and the School and School Cafeteria Funds of the discretely presented component unit, the School Board. Does not include the School Board payment from the General Fund.

(2) - Adjusted to include payments from the Harrisonburg Electric Commission, a component unit, for 1996-2002.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Government Administration	General Jail Government and Judicial Administration Administration	Public Safety		Public Works	Η	Health and Welfare	H	Education	_	Recreation and Cultural		Planning and Community Development	Debt Service		Total
2005	\$ 2,689,218	\$ 1,929,277 \$	\$ 13,202,723	Ś	6,096,761	S	2,296,855	\$ 4	40,578,296	Ś	2,686,375	Ś	3,014,724	\$ 8,020,726	S	80,514,955
2004	2,460,537		12,672,049		6,548,826		2,135,386	ŝ	37,603,681		2,763,595		2,118,465	6,817,302		74,816,339
2003	2,241,589	1,192,269	10,552,139		5,829,360		1,917,348	Э	35,185,590		2,693,787		1,352,651	8,128,187		69,092,920
2002	2,351,943	1,387,367	9,549,373		6,996,447		1,507,679	ξ	32,815,374		2,299,492		1,215,923	5,124,446		63,248,044
2001	2,070,324	1,114,568	8,961,870		5,700,813		1,259,631	ŝ	30,552,781		3,096,183		1,904,718	4,727,926		59,388,814
2000	1,991,202	1,103,909	8,160,062		5,595,777		1,223,537	2	28,592,957		1,952,945		2,962,276	4,714,103		56,296,768
1999	1,808,890	760,227	7,540,801		5,308,267		1,177,598	2	26,600,191		2,421,165		939,101	4,820,639		51,376,879
1998	1,760,554	782,737	6,807,647		5,196,689		1,021,194	2	24,603,105		1,777,893		738,485	5,898,248		48,586,552
1997	1,604,917	598,001	6,702,275		5,164,780		790,858	2	23,227,886		1,967,162		882,526	4,741,578		45,679,983
9661	1,592,391	683,501	5,558,036		4,792,404		808,876	2	21,734,090		1,594,048		728,009	4,806,801		42,298,156

Notes:

(1) - Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the primary government; the School and School Cafeteria Funds of the discretely presented component unit, the School Board. Does not include General Fund payment to the School Board.

Fiscal Year		Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1) (2)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2000	e	10 505 01	00001 00001 0				00 1001 00		
CUU2	•	160,090,01	\$ 19,000,106	90.99% \$	2///,848 \$	19,282,954	98.40% \$	1,454,015	1.32%
2004		19,617,311	19,182,641	97.78%	472,569	19,655,210	100.19%	1,289,675	6.57%
2003		18,890,132	18, 184, 369	96.26%	863,950	19,048,319	100.84%	1,414,904	7.49%
2002		18,973,108	18,240,516	96.14%	287,844	18,528,360	97.66%	1,536,532	8.10%
2001		17,990,551	17,444,637	96.97%	347,306	17,791,943	98.90%	1,217,951	6.77%
2000		17,245,401	16,824,966	97.56%	501,831	17,326,797	100.47%	1,022,408	5.93%
1999		15,944,864	15,517,768	97.32%	346,223	15,863,991	99.49%	1,117,733	7.01%
1998		15,538,894	15,056,606	96.90%	188,162	15,244,768	98.11%	1,108,292	7.13%
1997		14,631,278	14,307,919	97.79%	238,879	14,546,798	99.42%	854,073	5.84%
1996		14,068,974	13,712,441	97.47%	258,133	13,970,574	99.30%	819,298	5.82%

(1) - Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) - Beginning fiscal year 2000, the Commonwealth is directly reimbursing localities a percentage of certain personal property taxes. These reimbursements are included in current and delinquent tax collections.

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CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Public Service Corporations (4)	e Corpe	orations (4)		
Fiscal Year		Real Estate (1)		Personal Property (2)		Machinery and Tools (3)	Mobile Homes (1)		Real Estate (1)		Personal Property		Total
2005	s	1,972,526,708	Ś	253,980,570	Ś	94,040,800 \$	1,255,800	300 \$	50,610,910	S	294,118	Ś	2,372,708,906
2004		1,924,757,616		263,080,560		100,386,700	1,264,400	400	53,862,258		250,109		2,343,601,643
2003		1,814,221,588		252,204,750		107,362,900	1,380,700	700	55,213,438		239,938		2,230,623,314
2002		1,793,533,004		250,506,200		120,401,100	1,292,100	100	55,484,976		295,760		2,221,513,140
2001		1,656,732,868		248,202,911		117,159,400	1,303,800	800	52,567,436		296,180		2,076,262,595
2000		1,600,041,524		237,204,519		106,835,400	1,318,400	400	52,168,424		529,083		1,998,097,350
1999		1,498,239,901		211,870,100		99,863,400	1,615,200	200	49,689,229		444,794		1,861,722,624
1998		1,451,829,090		211,234,848		95,561,464	1,546,500	500	46,588,622		375,867		1,807,136,391
1997		1, 389, 229, 849		197,144,423		86,508,800	1,449,600	600	38,271,689		382,582		1,712,986,943
1996		1,359,944,691		178,033,679		86,742,500	1,426,700	700	38,825,425		417,527		1,665,390,522

Notes:

(1) - Assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) - Assessed at average trade-in value as of January 1, as determined by the National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA).

(3) - Assessed values are based upon depreciation schedule, year of purchase and cost.

(4) - Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 4

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX RATES - PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property (1)	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes
2005	\$ 0.62	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.00	\$ 0.62
2004	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2003	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2002	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2001	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
2000	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1999	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1998	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1997	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62
1996	0.62	2.00	2.00	0.62

Notes:

(1) - Public Service Corporations are taxed at the real estate and the personal property tax rates for those classes of assessed values established by the State Corporation Commission.

Company	Industry	Property Taxes	Property Taxes
IntraPac Corp.	Specialty Packaging Products	\$ 426,624	2.18%
Tenneco Automotive Inc.	Automotive Parts	376,815	1.92%
Banta Corp.	Printing	326,585	1.67%
LB&J Limited	Student Housing and Development	244,920	1.25%
Packaging Corporation of America	Containerboard and Corrugated Packaging Products	204,411	1.04%
Verizon Communications Inc.	Public Utility	178,216	0.91%
SDG Macerich Properties, LP	Shopping Centers	167,917	0.86%
Park Village, Inc.	Retirement Community	164,177	0.84%
Reddy Ice Corp.	Ice and Cold Storage	158,495	0.81%
Graham Packaging Company, LP	Plastic Packaging Products	134,590	0.69%

Table 6

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN At June 30, 2005

Total assessed value of taxed real property	\$	2,023,137,618
Debt limit - 10 percent of total assessed value	\$	202,313,762
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Gross debt (1)	_	134,656,835
Legal debt margin	\$	67,656,927

Notes:

(1) - Does not include compensated absences, postretirement health care benefits, landfill closure and postclosure, and contractual obligations.

Table 8

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value	GBON	Gross General Bonded Debt (2) (3)	Payable from Enterprise Revenues (3)		Net General Bonded Debt	Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	- d	Net General Bonded Debt per Capita (4)
2005	43,178 \$	2,372,708,906	S	123,681,150 \$	40,015,000	↔	83,666,150	3.53%	↔	1,938
2004	43,137	2,343,601,643		119,958,075	46,660,000		73,298,075	3.13%		1,699
2003	43,001	2,230,623,314		119,303,200	46,915,000		72,388,200	3.25%		1,683
2002	42,200	2,221,513,140		121,990,350	47,160,000		74,830,350	3.37%		1,773
2001	41,350	2,076,262,595		41,425,615	13,289,590		28,136,025	1.36%		680
2000	40,468	1,998,097,350		45,678,446	15,296,746		30,381,700	1.52%		751
1999	34,800	1,861,722,624		38,209,545	10,782,170		27,427,375	1.47%		788
1998	34,400	1,807,136,391		40,040,689	12,567,639		27,473,050	1.52%		662
1997	34,400	1,712,986,943		43,573,478	14,249,753		29,323,725	1.71%		852
1996	34,170	1,665,390,522		47,055,786	15,740,061		31,315,725	1.88%		916

Notes:

(1) - Estimated by the City's Department of Planning and Community Development for 1996-1999 and 2001-2005. Bureau of Census for 2000. Previous fiscal year population amounts have been adjusted.

(2) - Includes General Obligation Bonds, Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, and Literary Fund Loans.

(3) - Adjusted to reflect elimination of nongeneral bonded debt for 1996.

(4) - The City of Harrisonburg has no overlapping debt.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PERCENT OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Deb	t Service (2) (. Interest	3)	Total	E	Total General xpenditures (1)	Percent of Debt Service To Total General Expenditures
2005	\$ 3,291,925	\$	3,444,235	\$	6,736,160	\$	80,514,955	8.37%
2004	2,025,125		3,328,272		5,353,397		74,816,339	7.16%
2003	3,253,450		3,809,711		7,063,161		69,092,920	10.22%
2002	2,485,675		1,587,130		4,072,805		63,248,044	6.44%
2001	2,245,675		1,611,770		3,857,445		59,388,814	6.50%
2000	2,145,675		1,528,048		3,673,723		56,296,768	6.53%
1999	2,050,675		1,591,175		3,641,850		51,376,879	7.09%
1998	1,850,675		1,938,391		3,789,066		48,586,552	7.80%
1997	1,992,000		1,414,847		3,406,847		45,679,983	7.46%
1996	1,987,000		1,547,359		3,534,359		42,298,156	8.36%

Notes:

- Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the primary government and the School and School Cafeteria Funds of the discretely presented component unit, the School Board. Does not include the School Board payment from the General Fund.
- (2) Includes General Obligation Bonds, Virginia Public School Authority Bonds, and Literary Fund Loans.
- (3) Adjusted to reflect debt service for general bonded debt only for 1996.

Fiscal	Gross		Operating		Vet Revenue Vailable for	De	bt Se	rvice Require	emen	ts	
Year	Revenue (2)	E	xpenses (3)	Ι	Debt Service	 Principal		Interest		Total	Coverag
2005	\$ 1,352,301	\$	809,890	\$	542,411	\$ -	\$	360,340	\$	360,340	1.51
2004	1,065,775		738,832		326,943	-		360,340		360,340	0.91
2003	840,477		826,358		14,119	-		360,340		360,340	0.04
2002	332,723		216,731		115,992	-		360,340		360,340	0.32
2001	215,665		-		215,665	-		360,340		360,340	0.60

(1) - Bonds were issued in fiscal year 2000. Revenue bond coverage calculations were not meaningful in fiscal year 2000.

(2) - Total revenues and transfers exclusive of capital contributions and capital related transfers.

(3) - Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	1	Available for		De	bt Se	rvice Requir	ement	ts	
Year	Revenue (2)	Expenses (3)]	Debt Service	-	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2005	\$ 5,638,373	\$ 2,626,124	\$	3,012,249	\$	-	\$	505,379	\$	505,379	5.96
2004	5,189,678	2,224,332		2,965,346		-		508,879		508,879	5.83
2003	5,099,925	2,245,198		2,854,727		-		316,636		316,636	9.02

(1) - Bonds were issued in fiscal year 2002. Revenue bond coverage calculations were not meaningful in fiscal year 2002.

(2) - Total revenues exclusive of capital contributions and capital related transfers.

(3) - Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

Fiscal		Per Capita	School	Unemployment Rate
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Percentage (4)
2005	43,178	\$ (5)	4,088	3.4
2004	43,137	24,240	4,028	3.2
2003	43,001	23,005	4,026	3.2
2002	42,200	23,282	3,912	3.2
2001	41,350	22,054	3,768	2.3
2000	40,468	20,632	3,575	1.8
1999	34,800	20,165	3,557	1.3
1998	34,400	19,185	3,560	1.4
1997	34,400	18,691	3,492	2.3
1996	34,170	18,429	3,498	2.3

- (1) Estimated by the City's Department of Planning and Community Development for 1996-1999 and 2001-2005. Bureau of Census for 2000.
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, U. S. Department of Commerce. Amounts for 1996-2003 have been adjusted based upon the latest available data.
- (3) From the City of Harrisonburg School Board.
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission. Amounts for 1996-2004 have been adjusted.
- (5) Information is not available for this time period.

Table 13

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Number		Building Permits (1) Commercial/ Numbe	ermits (1) Number			Rank	h
Fiscal			Assessed Property Value (2)	pert	y Value (2) (4)			of		Industrial	of		Residential	Depos	Deposits (3)
Year	Commercial	rcial	Residential		Nontaxable	Total		Units	C	Construction (5)	Units		Construction	(In Tho	(In Thousands)
2005	\$ 666,253	,010 \$	\$ 666,253,010 \$ 1,306,273,698 \$		615,388,202 \$	2,587,914,910		188	S	28,096,267	474	Ś	30,642,665	\$	(
2004	645,047,950	,950	1,279,709,666		611,886,084	2,536,643,700 (6)	(9)	176		33,255,327	412		23,294,125		821,448
2003	597,049,770	,770	1,217,171,818		580,089,312	2,394,310,900		160		72,460,865	486		27,046,089		801,428
2002	599,668,097	,097	1,193,864,907		580,636,624	2,374,169,628	(9)	66		25,595,802	382		20,360,551		775,000
2001	555,329,167	,167	1,101,403,702		572,123,259	2,228,856,128		116		16,427,131	263		13,334,574		798,275
2000	539,248,951	,951	1,060,792,573		568,744,754	2,168,786,278 (6)	(9)	124		26,175,607	349		20,381,946		761,911
1999	506,440,080	,080	991,799,821		560,973,839	2,059,213,740		144		51,205,929	370		48,960,709		754,715
1998	490,215,716	,716	961,613,374		511,876,474	1,963,705,564 (6)	(9)	160		25,043,338	282		18,418,821		715,369
1997	477,247,281	,281	911,982,568		466,156,737	1,855,386,586		112		40,509,499	326		30, 314, 935		699,483
1996	465,398,100	,100	895,256,000		468,147,400	1,828,801,500 (6)	(9)	170		17,582,540	228		16,684,174		718,417

Notes:

(1) - Source is the City's Department of Planning and Community Development.

(2) - Source is the Commissioner of the Revenue.

(3) - Source is the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

(4) - Certain land values have been reclassified from commercial to residential for 1996.

(5) - Previously reported amounts have been combined for 1996-1998.

(6) - 100% reassessment of real property.

(7) - Information is not available for this time period.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS At June 30, 2005

Date of incorporation Type of city Form of government Area	1849 First class Council-Manager 17.3 square miles
Fire protection: Number of stations Number of fire fighters, dispatchers and officers exclusive of volunteer firemen but includes part time	4 85
Police protection: Number of stations Number of policemen and other employees	3 81
Public works: Miles of streets Number of street lights	132.62 3,189
Education: Number of schools Number of teachers Number of students	6 410 4,088
Water system: Number of customers Average daily consumption (gallons) Linear feet of water lines	13,148 5,154,657 1,332,055
Sewer system: Number of customers Average daily consumption (gallons) Linear feet of sewer lines	11,269 4,155,477 1,042,286
Building permits issued	958
Recreation and culture: Number of parks	12
Employees: City, other than school system City school system Harrisonburg Electric Commission	650 672 52

PART IV

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. Other matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. Other matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements including certain provisions of the compliance matters described in the Summary of Compliance Matters, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Item 05-1.

Providing Professional Business Advisory & Consulting Services -

This report is intended solely for the information of the management, state and federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and City Council. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 4, 2005



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

- Providing Professional Business Advisory & Consulting Services

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the management, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and the Harrisonburg City Council. It is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 4, 2005



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS ON RESOLUTION OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Honorable Members of City Council City of Harrisonburg, Virginia

We reviewed the prior year report during the course of this audit to determine if the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia has implemented adequate corrective action with respect to previously reported audit findings. The prior year single audit disclosed no findings in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, and no uncorrected or unresolved findings exist from the prior audit's Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.

Brown, Elwands & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 4, 2005

– Providing Professional Business Advisory & Consulting Services

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2005

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unqualified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings** relating to major programs.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include:

Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218
Special Education Cluster:	
Grants to States	84.027
Preschool Grants	84.173
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. The City was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT None.

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

05-1 Commonwealth of Virginia: Conflict of Interest Statements

Condition:

Certain Conflict of Interest Statements were not filed by January 15th as required by State code.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City set forth procedures to ensure all forms are filed timely.

Management's Response:

The auditee concurs with this comment and will take steps to ensure that the forms are filed timely.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2005

As more fully described in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Code of Virginia</u> Budget and Appropriation Laws Cash and Investment Laws Conflicts of Interest Act Local Retirement Systems Debt Provisions Procurement Laws Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act Personal Property Tax Relief Act Enhanced E-911 Service Taxes State Agency Requirements Education Highway Maintenance Funds

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	E	Federal xpenditures
Department of Agriculture:			
Direct payments:			
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program	10.914	\$	74,000
Pass-through payments:			
Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		189,846
National School Lunch Program	10.555		681,077
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:			
National School Lunch Program (Commodities) (part of Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555		78,312
Total Department of Agriculture		\$	1,023,235
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Direct payments:			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$	496,977
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development		\$	496,977
Department of the Interior:			
Pass-through payments:			
Shenandoah Valley Pure Water 2000 Forum, Inc.:			
Challenge Cost Share	15.642	\$	72,500
Total Department of the Interior		\$	72,500
Department of Justice:			
Direct payments:			
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592	\$	23,101
Community Capacity Development Office	16.595		10,092
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		5,621
Pass-through payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Service:			
Byrne Formula Grant Program	16.579		9,212
Total Department of Justice		\$	48,026

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Transportation:		
Direct payments:		
Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Part of Federal Transit Cluster)	20.507	\$ 1,857,372
Pass-through payments:		
Department of Rail and Public Transportation:		
Federal Transit - Metropolitan Planning Grants	20.205	329,286
Department of Motor Vehicles:		
Highway Safety Cluster:		
State and Community Highway Safety (154 Funds)	20.000	3,236
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	18,126
Safety Incentive Grants for Use of Seatbelts	20.604	8,473
Total Department of Transportation		\$ 2,216,493
Department of Education:		
Pass-through payments:		
Department of Education:		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$ 747,296
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	81,915
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	24,006
Innovative Education Program Strategies	84.298	27,002
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	871,319
Reading First State Grants	84.357	338,588
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	85,262
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	193,175
Assessments and Related Activities - State Grants	84.369	19,223
Special Education Cluster:		
Grants to States	84.027	791,062
Preschool Grants	84.173	49,269
Total Department of Education		\$3,228,117
Department of Health and Human Services:		
Pass-through payments:		
Department of Education:		
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.576	\$ 25,975
Total Health and Human Services		\$ 25,975

(continued)

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	F	Federal Expenditures
Department of Homeland Security:			
Direct payments:			
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004	\$	2,309
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044		62,626
State and Local All Hazards Emergency Operations Planning	97.051		863
Pass-through payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004	_	403,451
Total Department of Homeland Security		\$	469,249
Department of Defense:			
Direct payments:			
JROTC Funds	12.VA 170853	\$	46,964
Total Department of Defense		\$	46,964
Total expenditure of federal awards		\$	7,627,536

The accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF HARRISONBURG, VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2005

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Harrisonburg, Virginia and its component unit, and is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information contained in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general-purpose financial statements.

Note 2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. At June 30, 2005, the School Board, a component unit, had food commodities totaling \$23,427 in inventory.

Note 3. Subrecipients

The City provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	 Amount Expended
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	\$ 236,848

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